GIS Organization and Implementation at the State-Level **Through the Public Lens**

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Project Goals

- Create baseline Summer 2024 of state-level geospatial data and oversight
- Find trends and patterns to identify gaps, weaknesses, and best practices
- Consider current landscape of state-level geospatial information and technology vs NDSI strategic plan



Methodology

- Surveyed government and private websites and states'
 GIS Strategic Plans
- Federal Geographic Data Committee (FGDC) 50
 States Initiative
- NSGIC Geospatial Maturity Assessment (GMA) Report and Dashboard



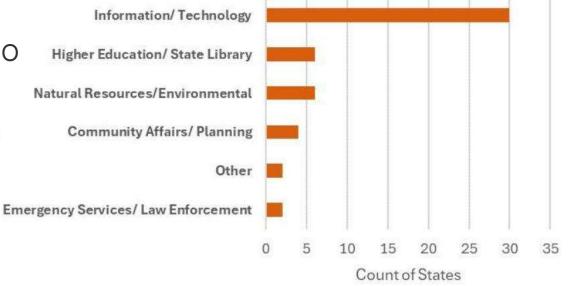
Source: NSGIC GMA Dashboard [2]

GIO Organizational Structure

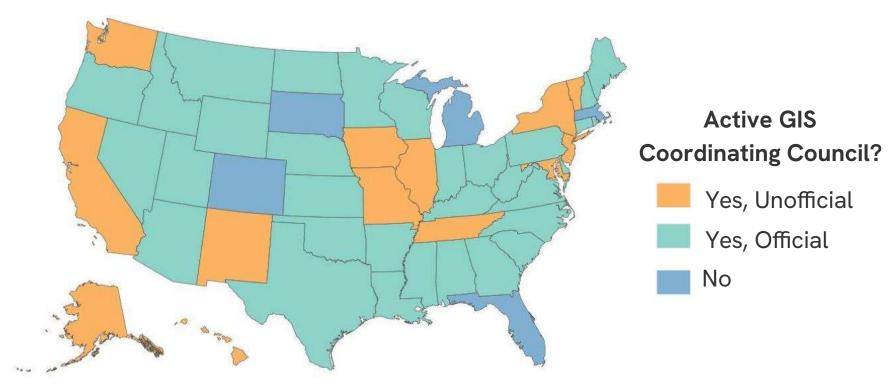
 60% GIO offices hosted within state's Information/ Technology Office

• 38% of states have GIO

 30% have official coordinator Department or Office GIO is Housed Under

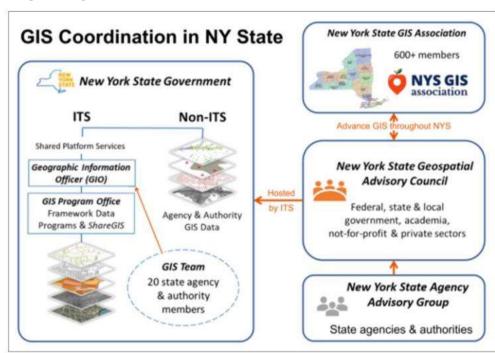






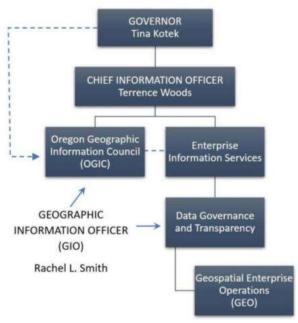
GIS Council Organization Examples

New York



Source: New York State GIS Resources Coordination Program [3]

Oregon



Source: OGIC Structure [4]

GIS Council Organization Examples

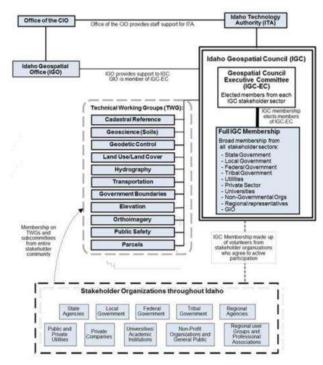
Alabama



Figure - 1. Relationship between the Executive Council, Program Office, and Advisory Committee.

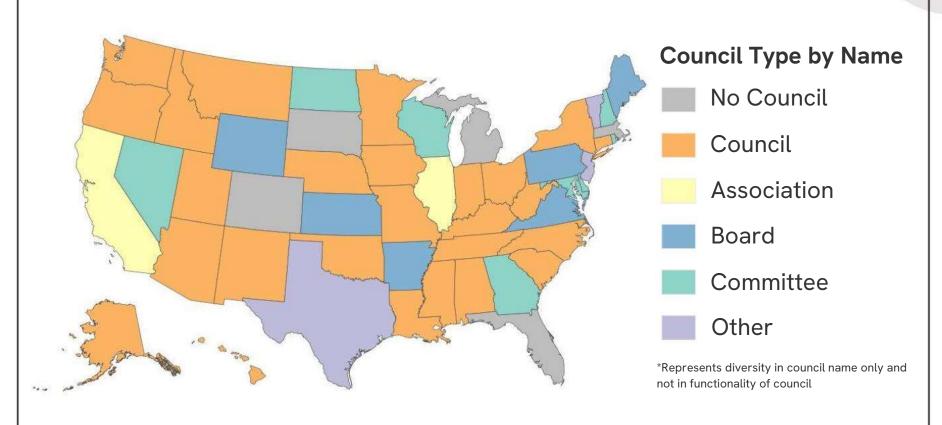
Source: Final Project Report for Alabama's NSDI CAP Category 3 Fifty States Initiative [5]

Idaho

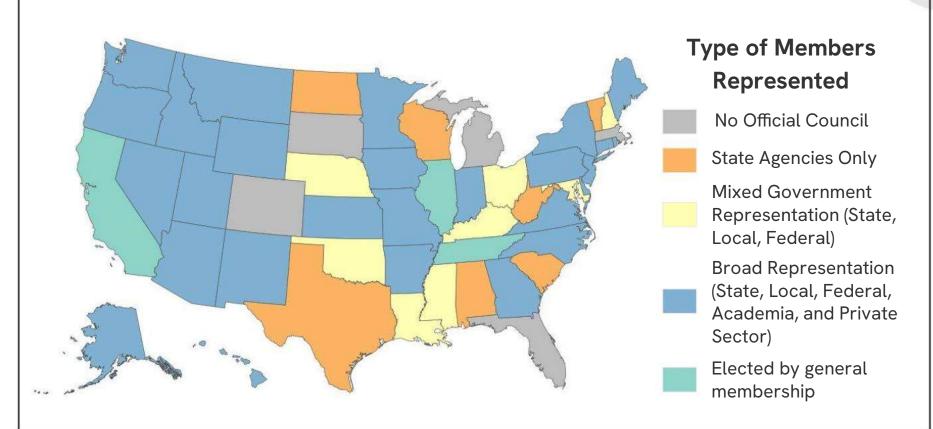


Source: Idaho Geographic Information Systems (GIS) State GIS Strategic Plan 2016 [6]

GIS Coordinating Council Type by State



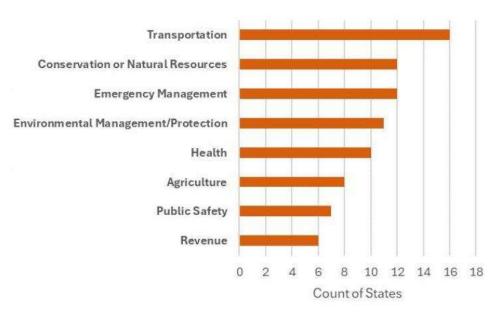
GIS Council Member Representation



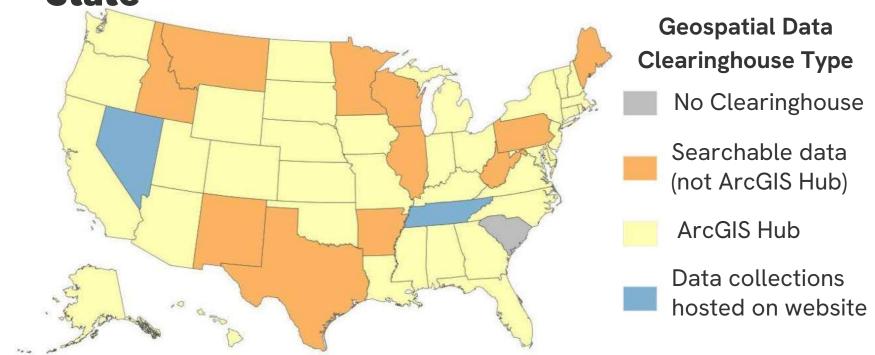
GIS Council Member Representation

- 11 states include the state GIO or CIO as a listed council member
- Alaska, Arizona, Idaho, Minnesota, Montana, and Nebraska designate at least one tribal representative

Department Specifically Mentioned as Required GIS Council Member

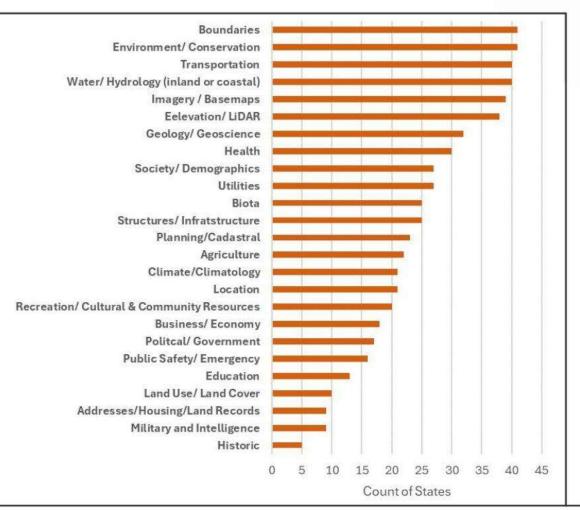


Geospatial Data Clearinghouse Type by State

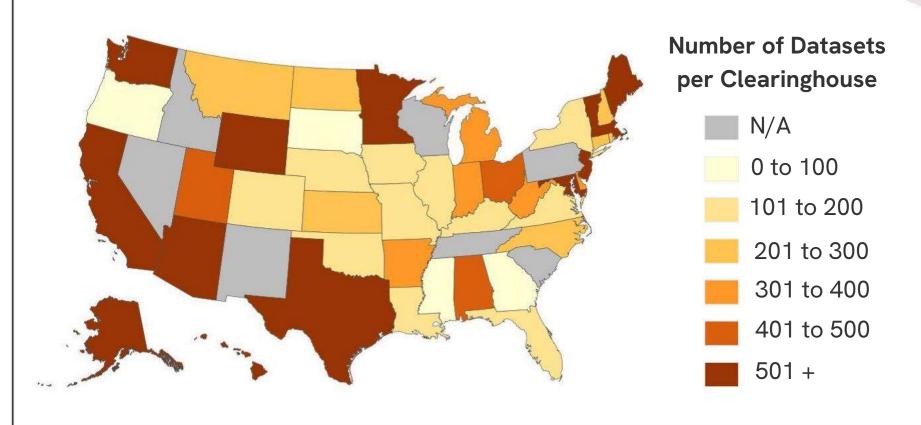


Data Categories

- State clearinghouse categories
- Most represented
 41 Boundaries
 41 Environment/
 Conservation
 40 Transportation
 40 Water/Hydrology



Number of Geospatial Datasets Available



Conclusions

- State-level geospatial coordination varies, reflecting local needs & priorities
- Most have well-maintained Data Clearinghouses using ArcGIS Hub, but datasets vary from < 100 to > 500
- Next step: further classify organizational differences
- Next step: identify reasons for structural differences and benchmark best practices

Thank you!

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Sources

[1] State GIS Logos:

Oregon https://www.oregon.gov/eis/geo/pages/default.aspx Alaska https://gis.data.alaska.gov/ Maine https://www.maine.gov/geolib/ NH Granit https://granit.unh.edu/ Hawaii https://geoportal.hawaii.gov/

[2] National States Geographic Information Council. 2023. Geospatial maturity assessment (GMA) dashboard.Retrieved September 9, 2024, from

https://experience.arcgis.com/experience/f237feb1800d4de99c2a4f4e416ca9fe/page/Overview/

[3] New York State GIS. (2024). Coordination program. New York State GIS Resources. https://gis.ny.gov/coordination-program

[4] OGIC. (n.d.). OGIC structure. OGIC GeoHub. Retrieved September 9, 2024, from https://ogic-geo.hub.arcgis.com/pages/about

[5] Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs (ADECA). (2011, September 1). Final project report for Alabama's NSDI CAP Category 3 Fifty States Initiative (Agreement No. G10AC00176). ADECA.

[6] Idaho Geospatial Council—Executive Committee. (2016). Geographic Information Systems (GIS) state GIS strategic plan. Idaho Technology Authority.

https://its.idaho.gov/ita/wp-content/uploads/sites/3/2018/10/GIS-Strategic-Plan-APPROVED-20161206.pdf