



National Laboratory for Earth Observation (LANOT)

Institute of Geography
National Autonomous University of Mexico.

<http://www.lanot.unam.mx>

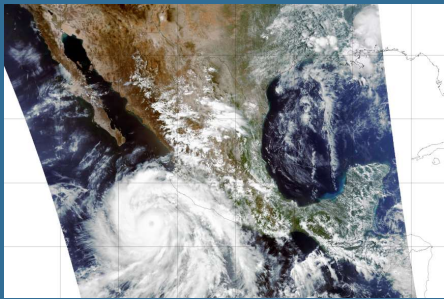


Americas Geospatial Forum

CDMX, October 10, 2019

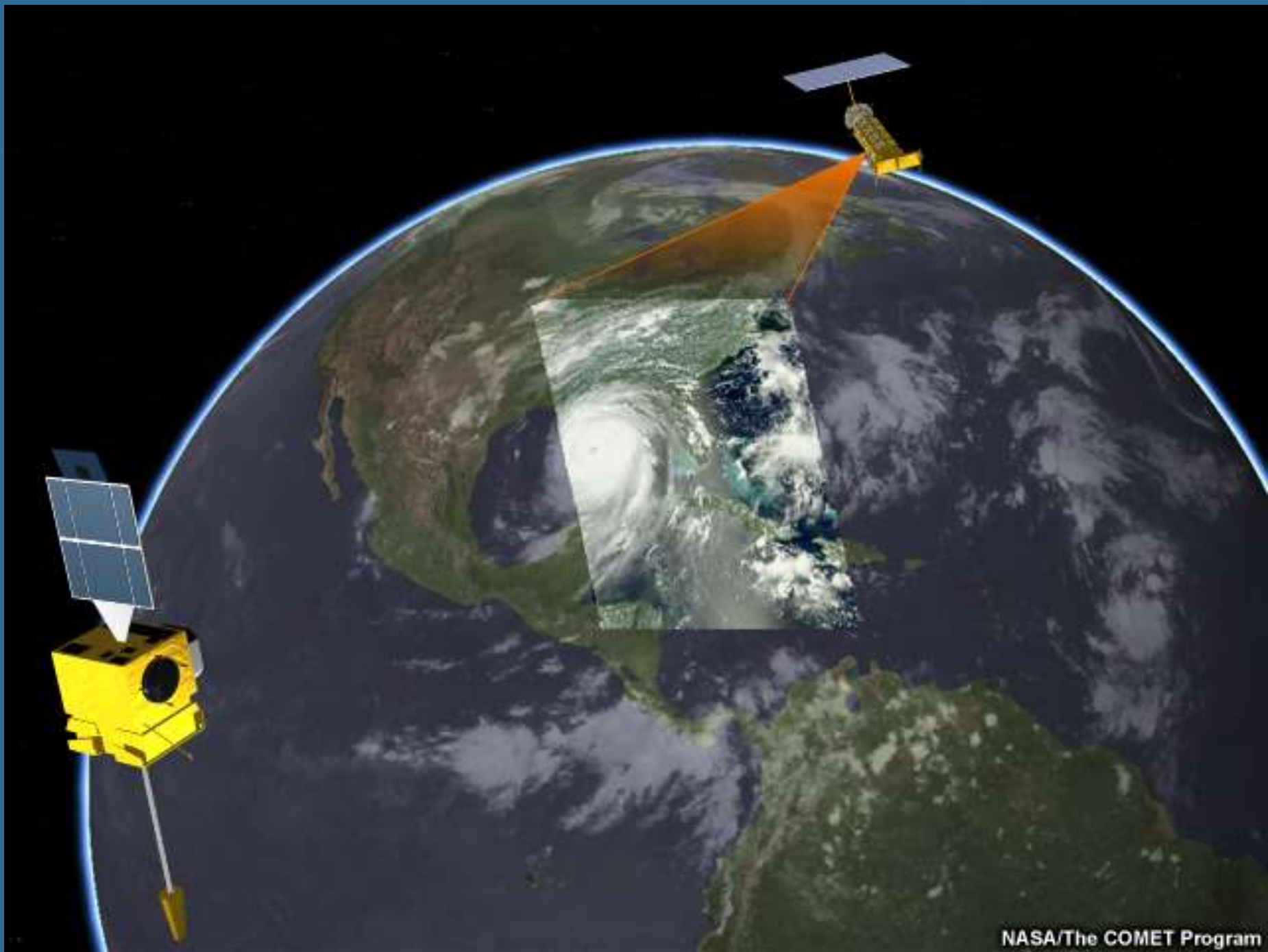
UN-GGIM Academic Network

GOALS: Receive, store, process, and distribute remote sensing data, and images to assess changes in vegetation cover, as well as constantly monitoring the oceans and the atmosphere, and to establish their interrelationship and impacts into society.



SATELLITE RECEIVING STATIONS

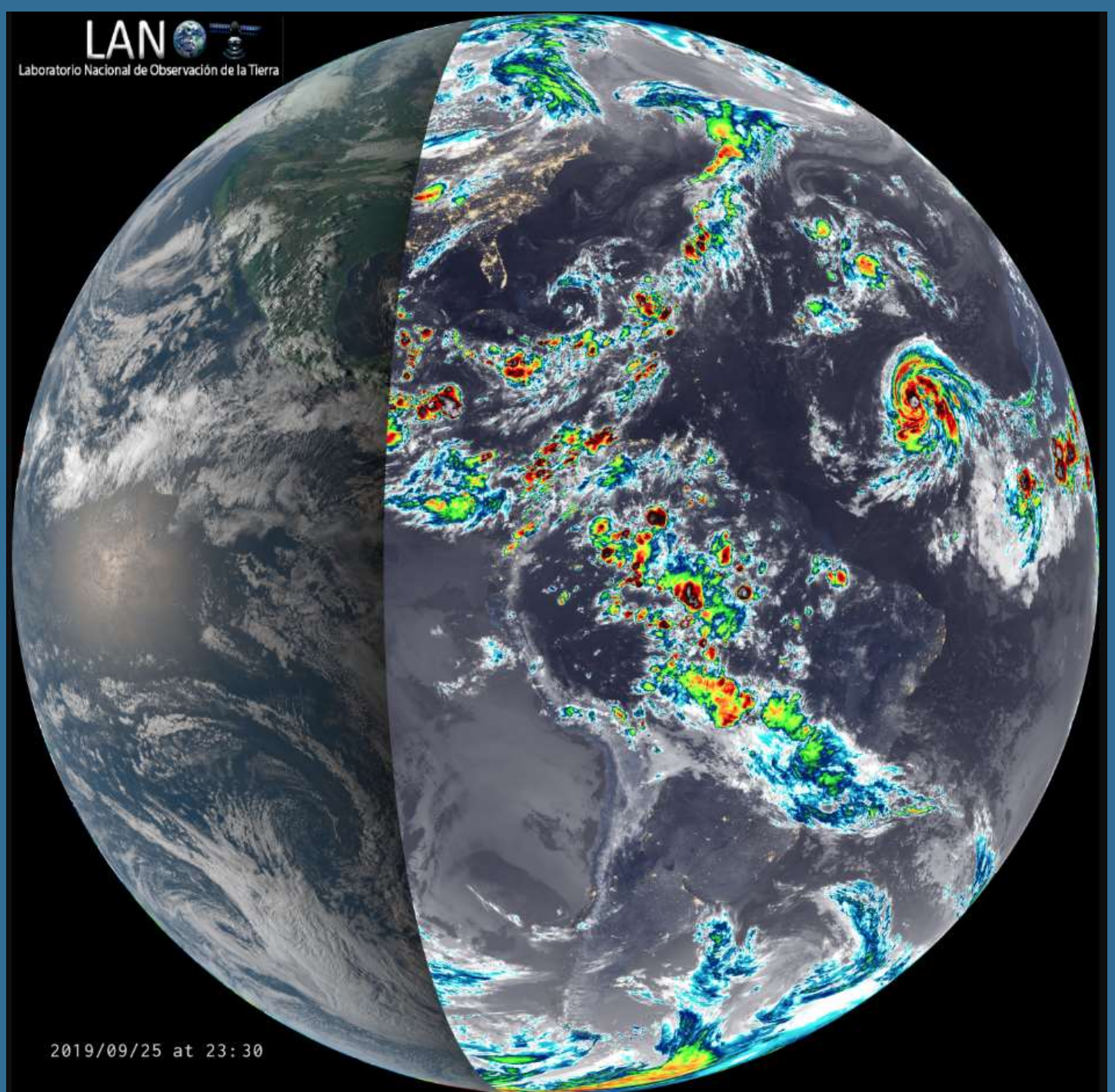




NASA/The COMET Program

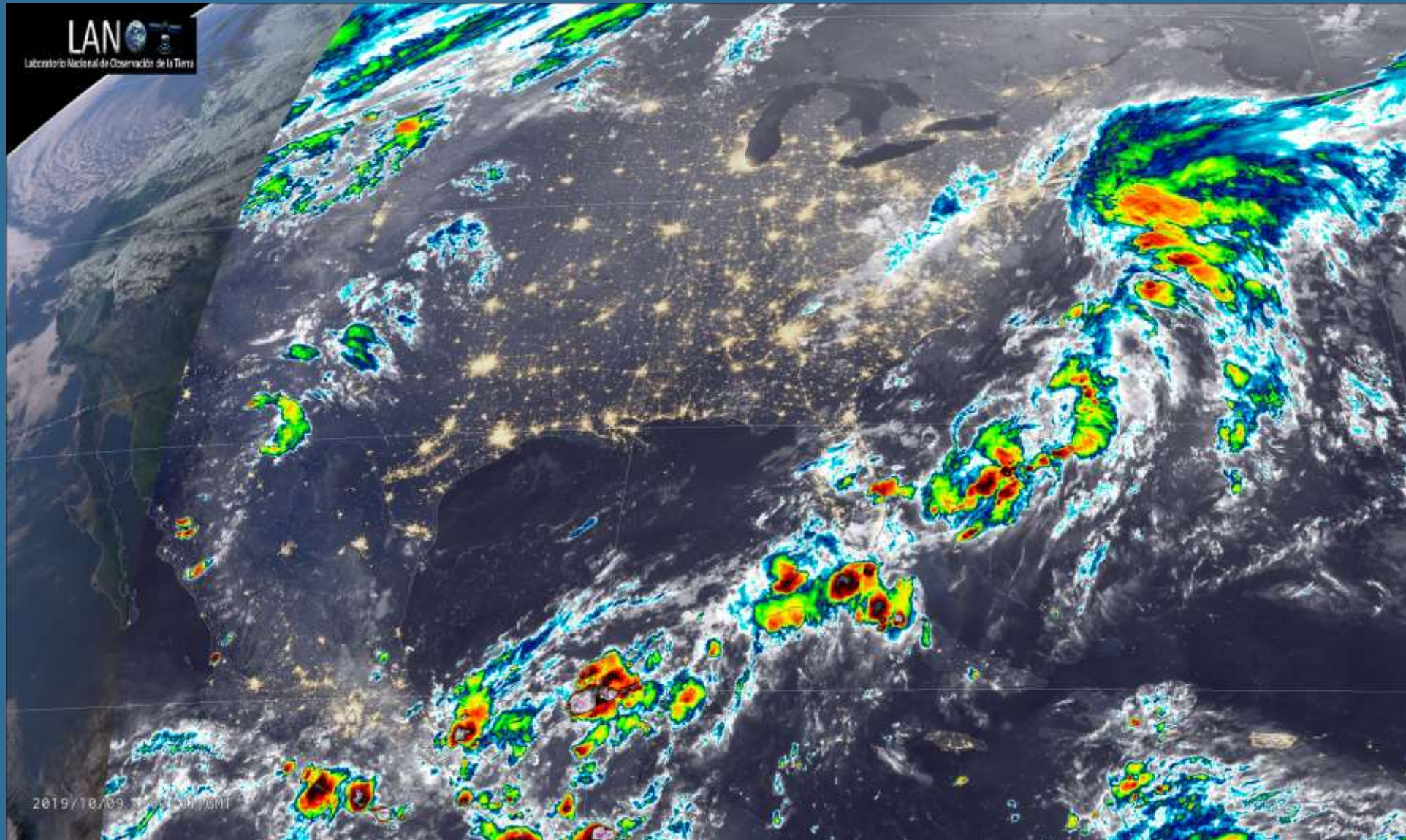
GOES-16

Hemispheric coverage
every 10 minutes



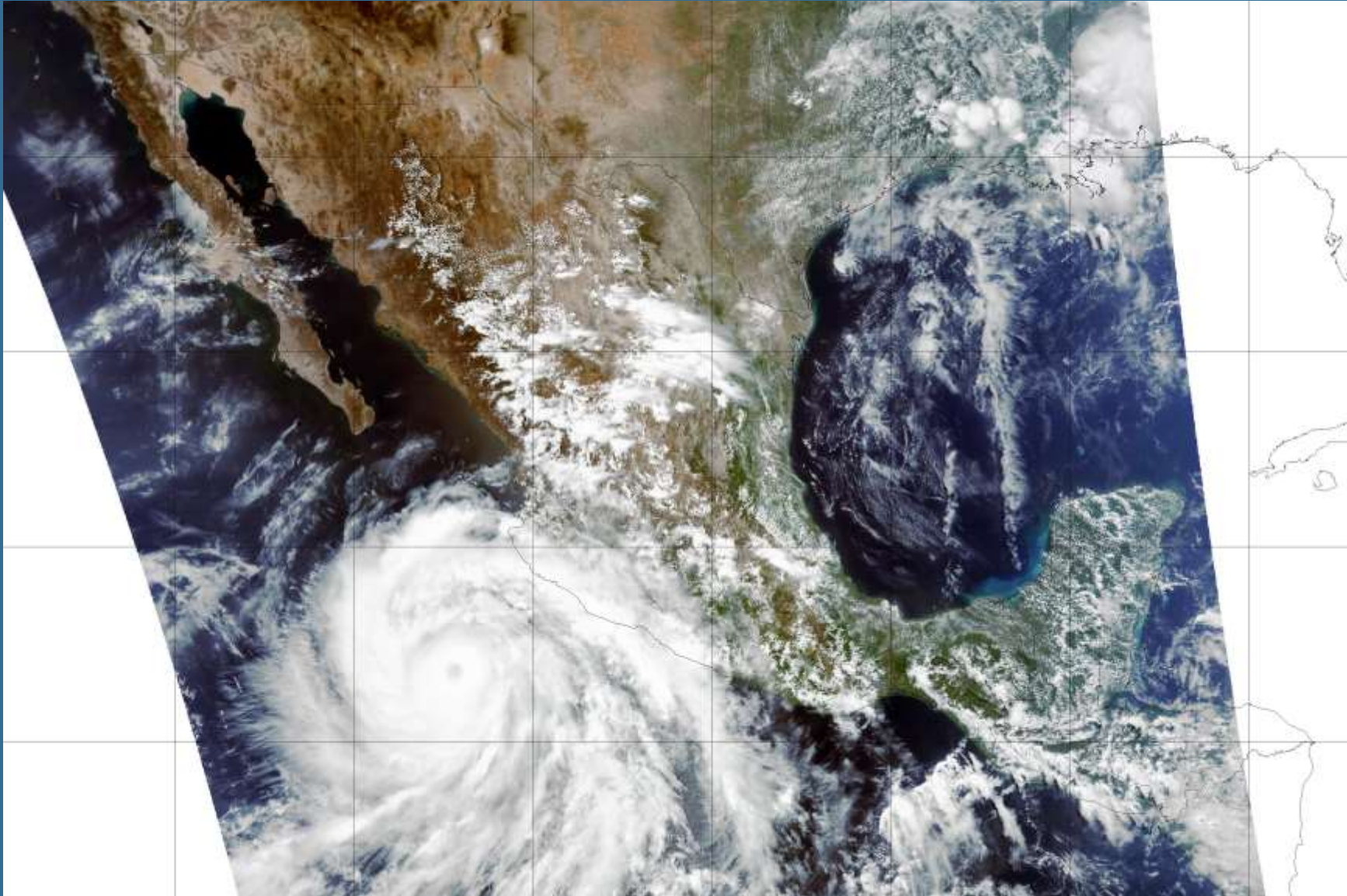
GOES-16

Regional coverage every 5 minutes

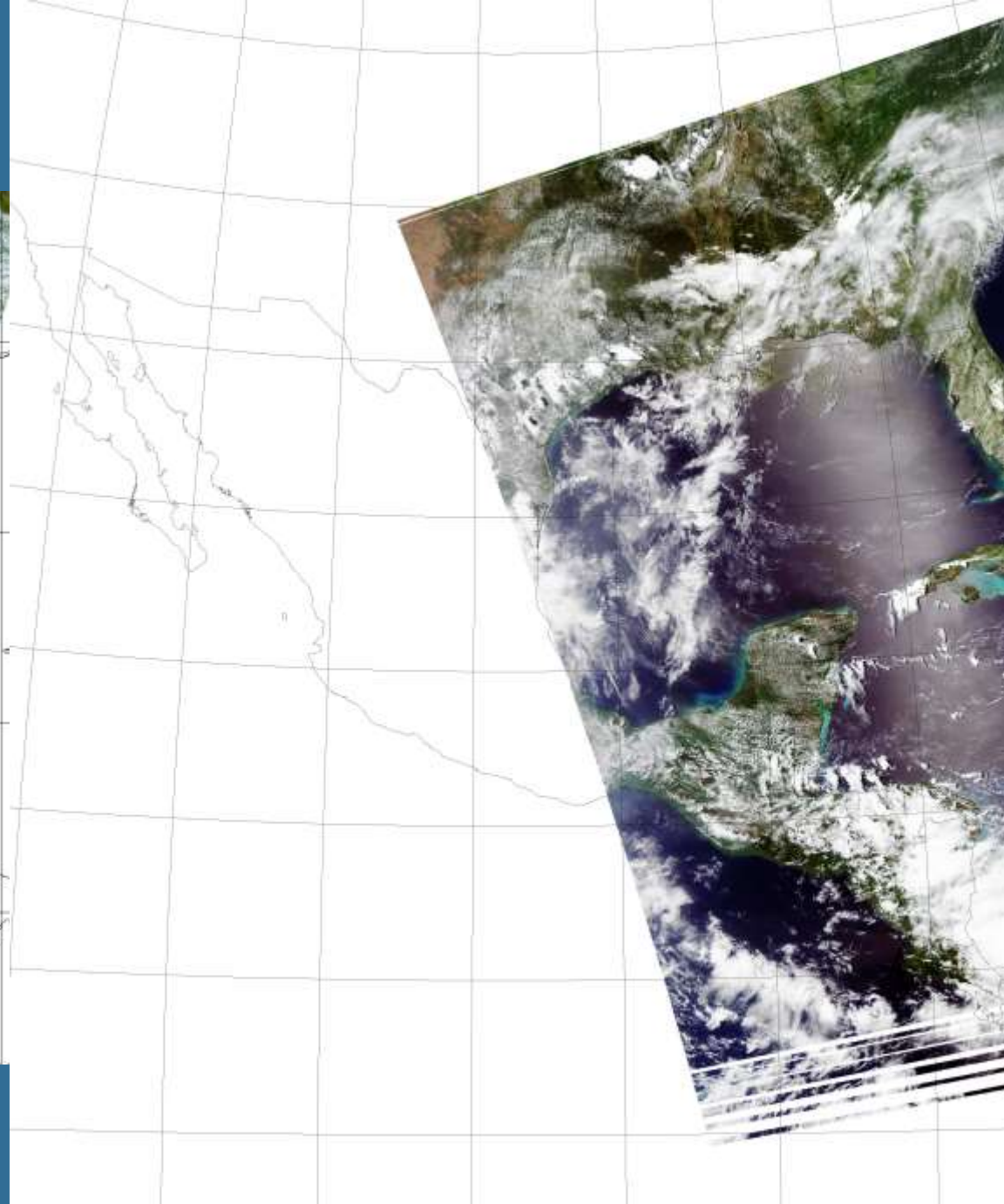
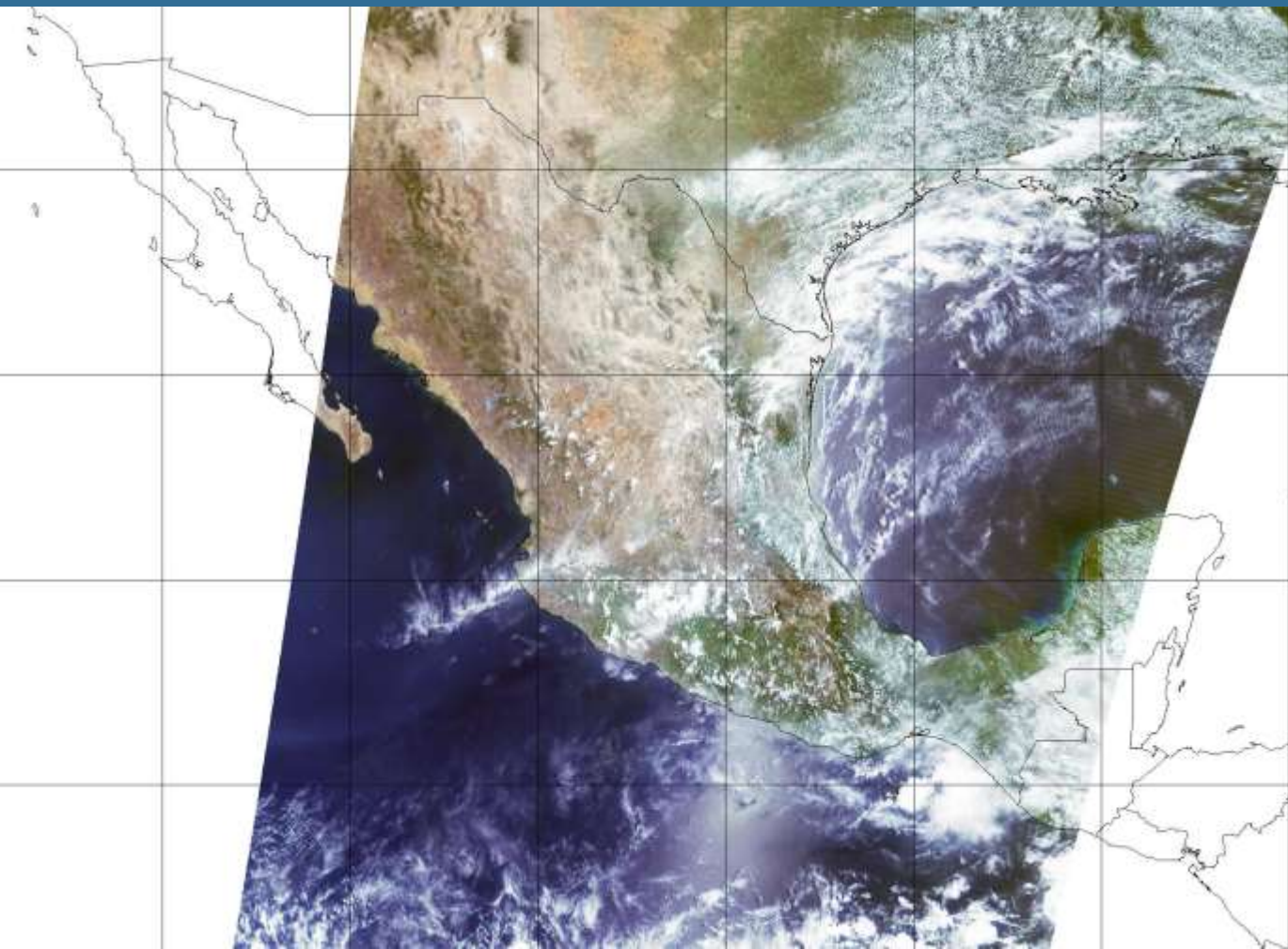


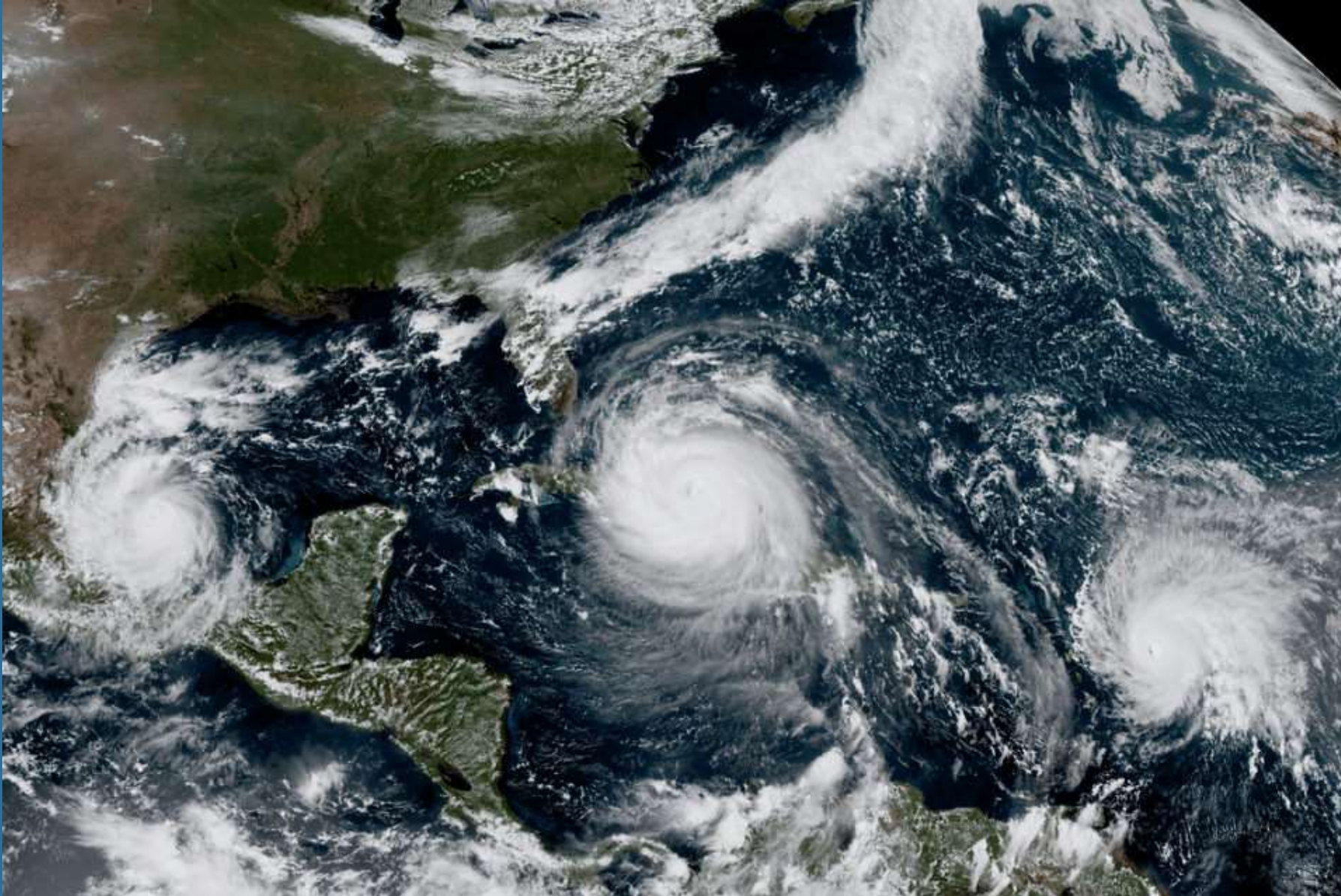
POLAR ORBITING SATELLITES

Less coverage, more spatial resolution



POLAR ORBITING SATELLITES



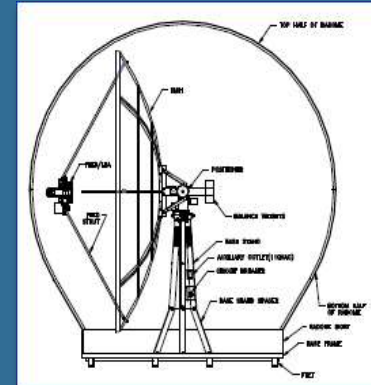


Products and services supplied by LANOT, allow to precisely georeference potentially severe storms, issuing reliable alerts to population. These events directly affect people's security, property, economy, and social development.

PRODUCTS

GOES-16	Polar orbiting satellites	Geonet Cast
16 SPECTRAL BANDS + 34 products	Images from 10 satellites Aqua, Terra, NOAA (15, 18, 19, and 20), EUMETSAT (Metop 1 y 2) and SUOMI NPP-1.	Distribution of images under extreme conditions Early warnings on: forest fires, severe storms, thunderbolts, etc
NDVI, wind velocity, land and sea temperatures, hot spots, oceanic currents, lighting, volcanic ash, aerosols, etc.	Vegetation, suspended sediments, hot spots, land and sea temperatures, crops, etc	Algorithm generation at national and regional level (Caribbean and Central America)

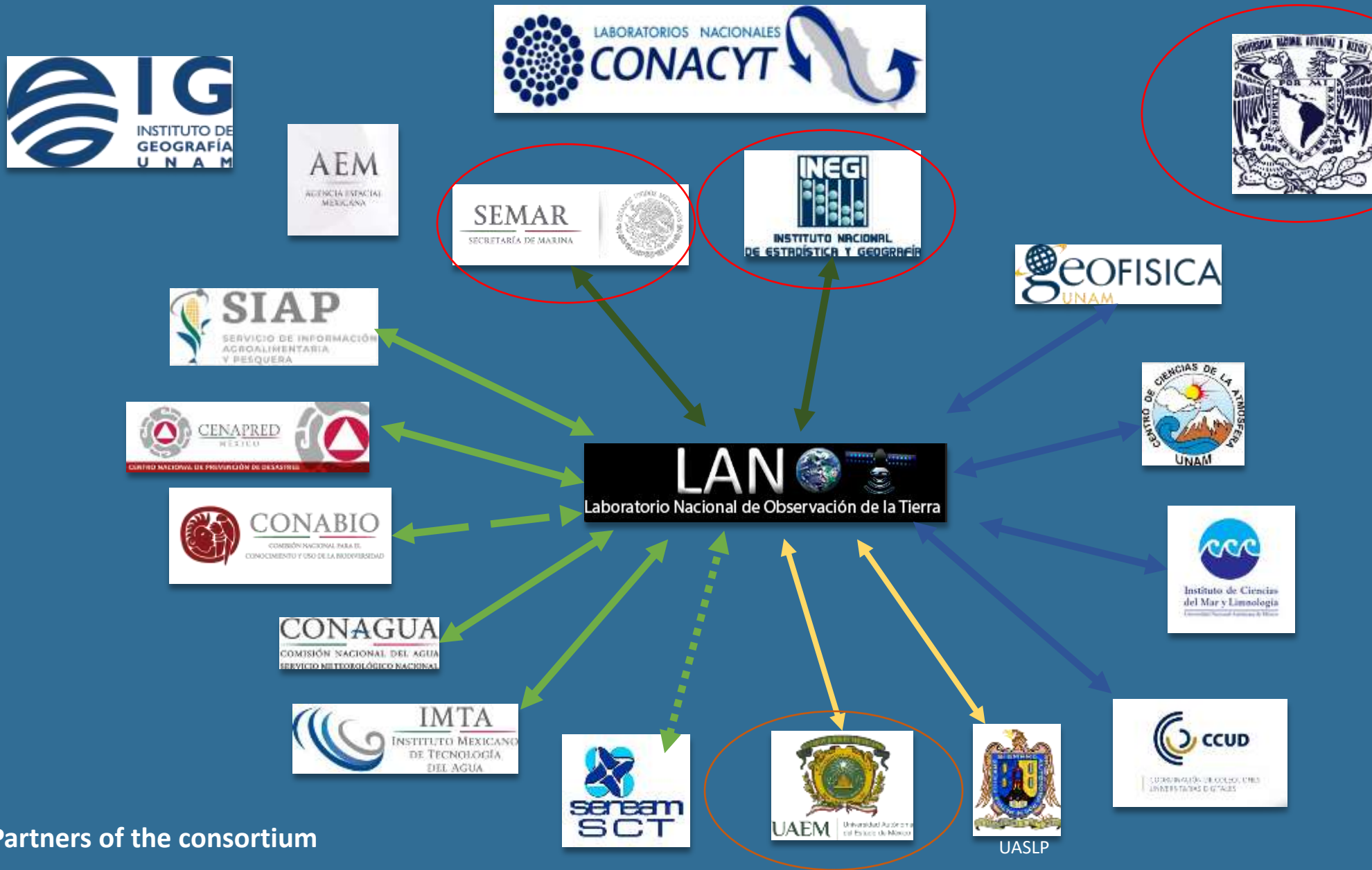
- Our Laboratory supplies last generation data and imagery to continue the vanguard tradition of the Geography Institute, generating higher quality maps in the projects which include land, oceans, and the surrounding atmosphere.



ENTITIES PARTICIPATING IN LANOT's PROJECT.

COLLABORATIVE EFFORT

The strategy was to join different government, and academic institutions.



Partners of the consortium

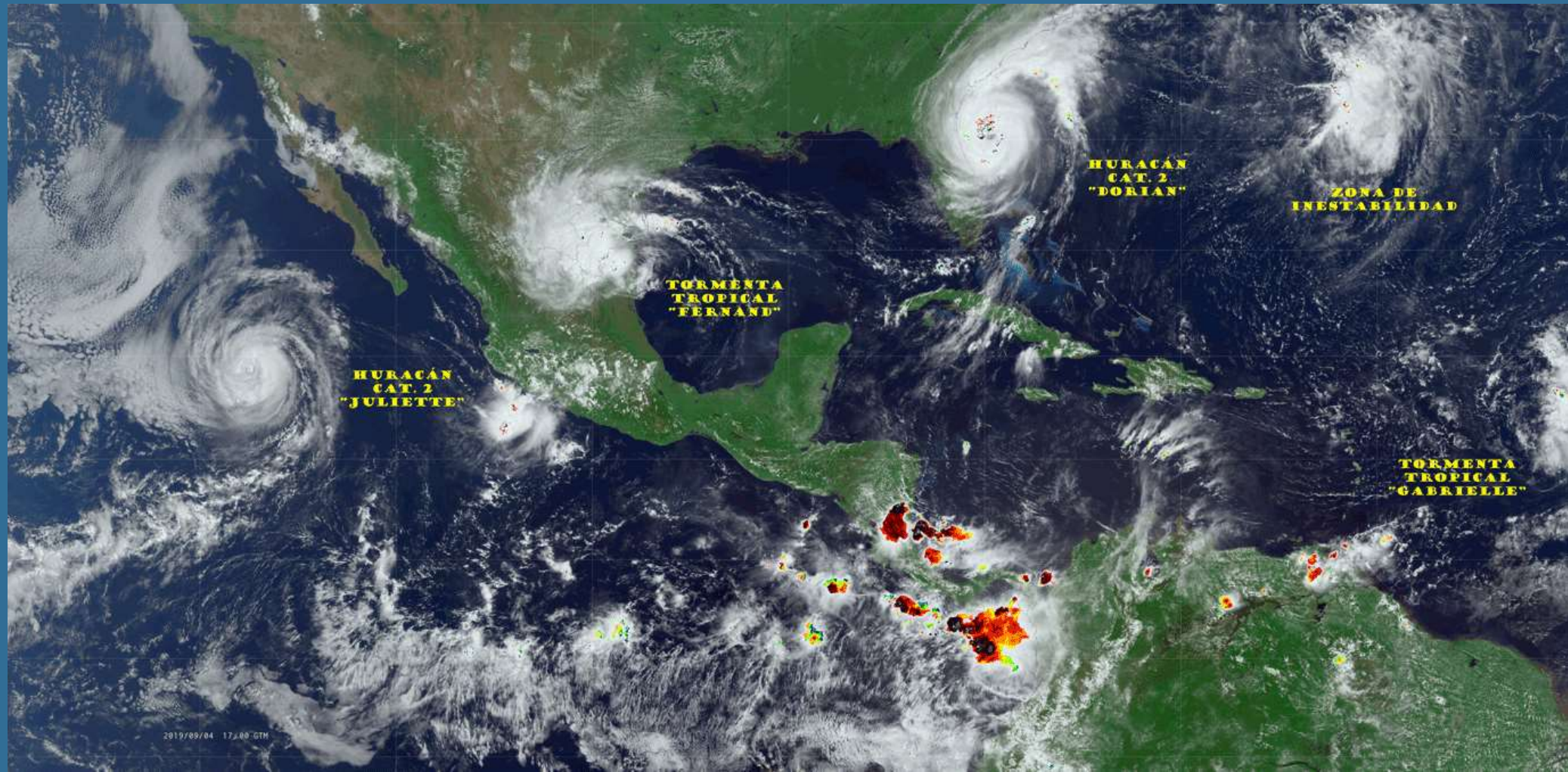


Institutions receiving our images and products

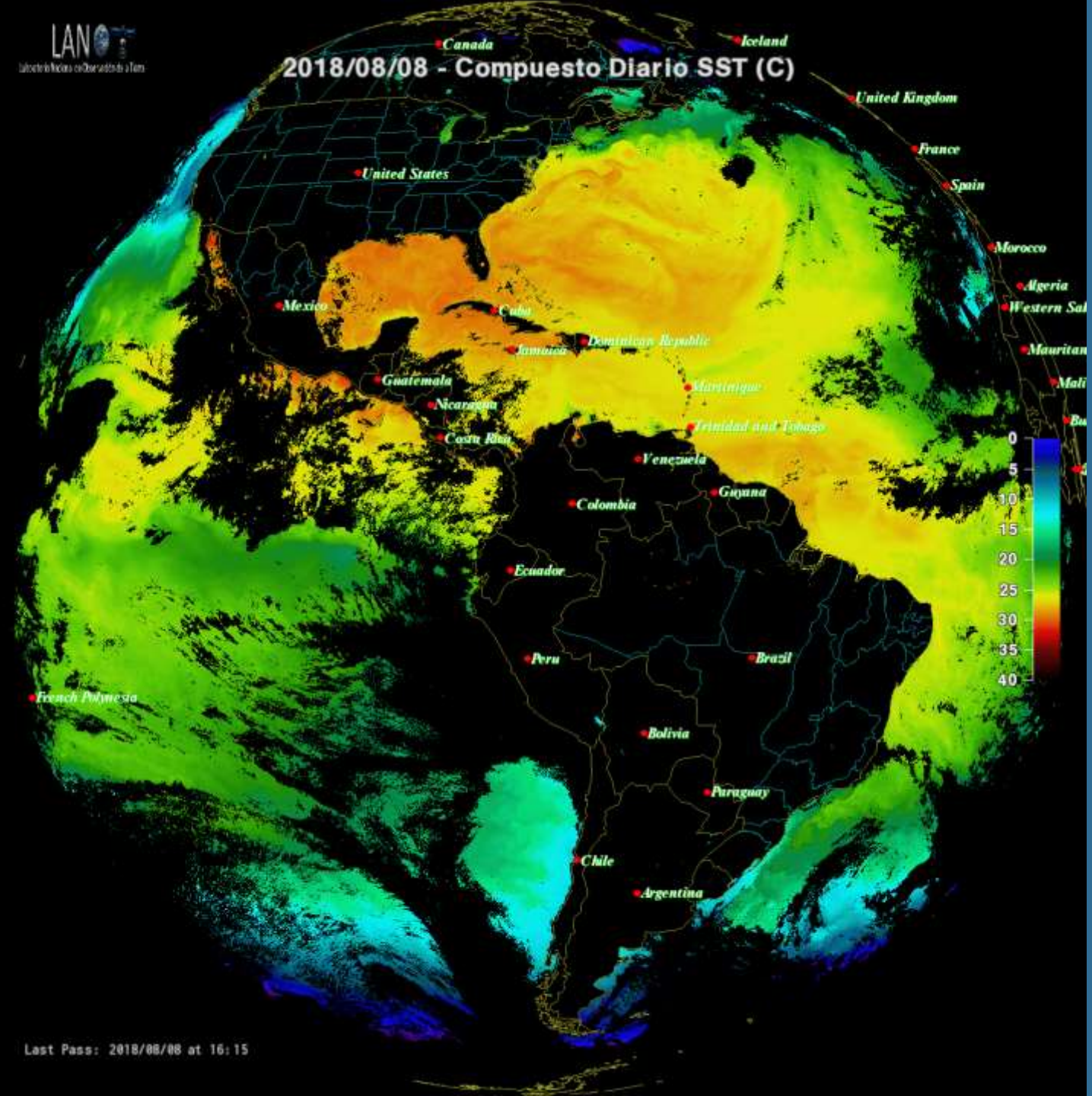
REGULAR LANOT PRODUCTS (SOME EXAMPLES) CLOUD HEIGHT, STORMS, LIGHTING.

These phenomena cause direct impacts into society

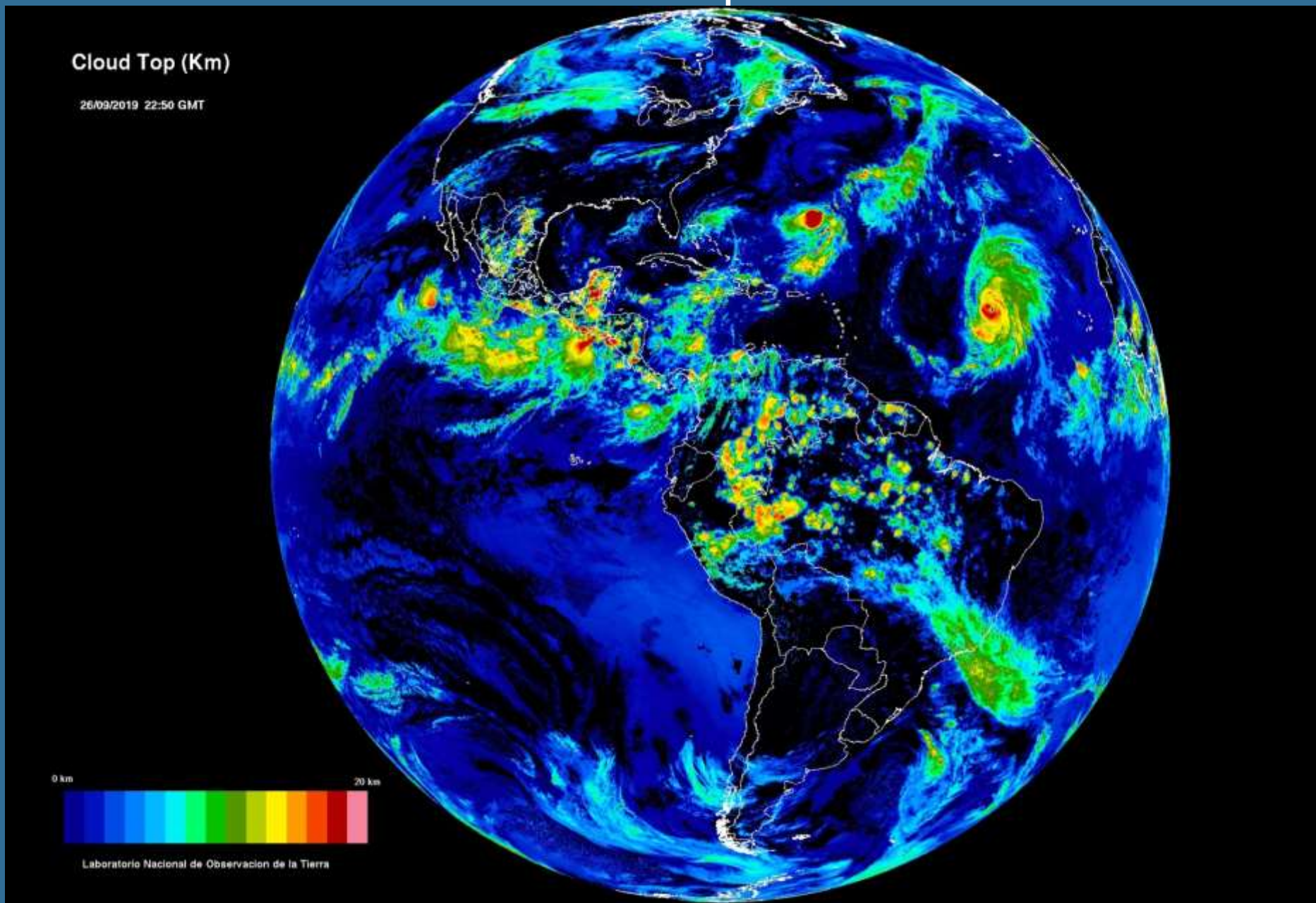
GOES-16 Sept. 4, 2019



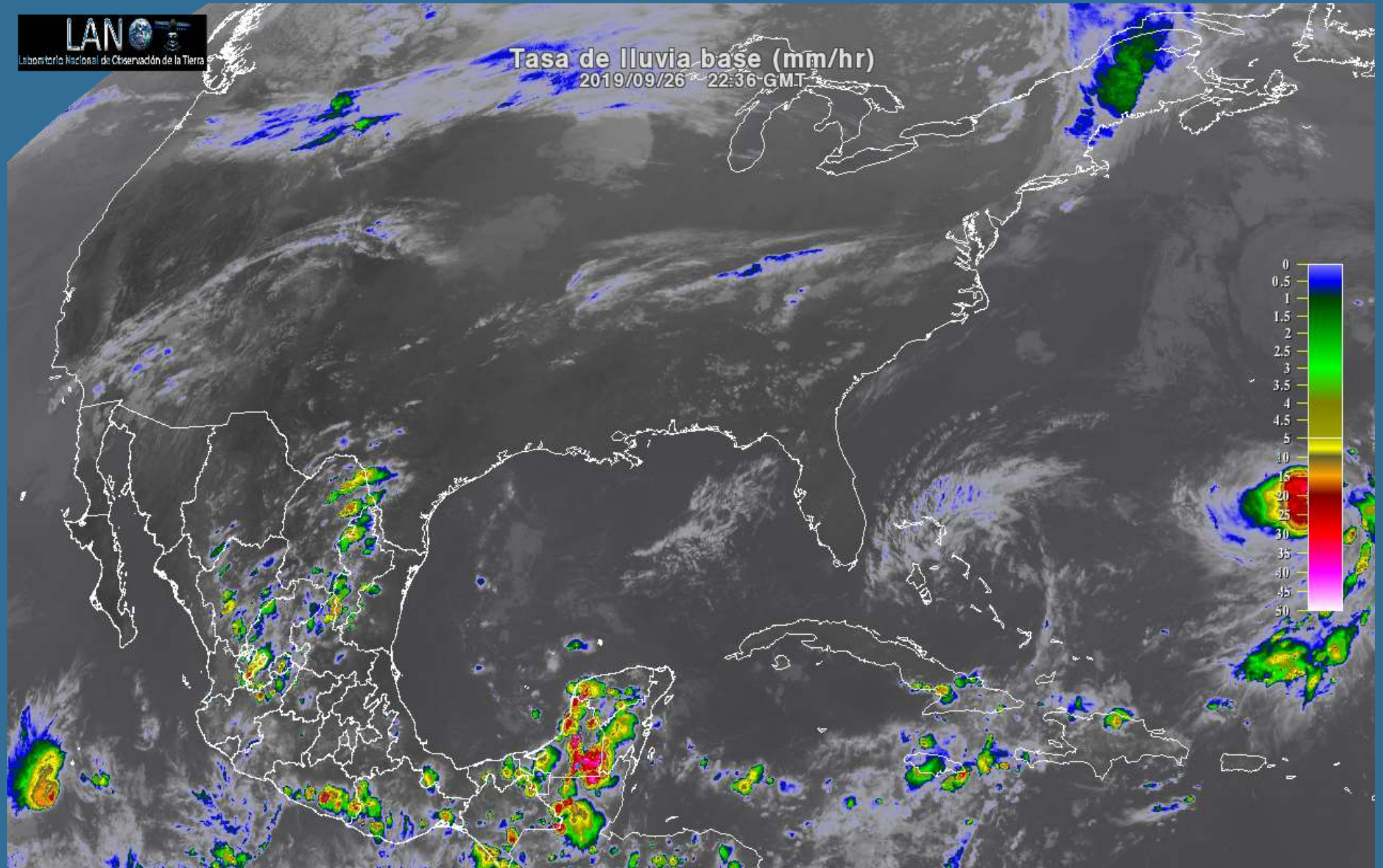
Sea Surface temperature

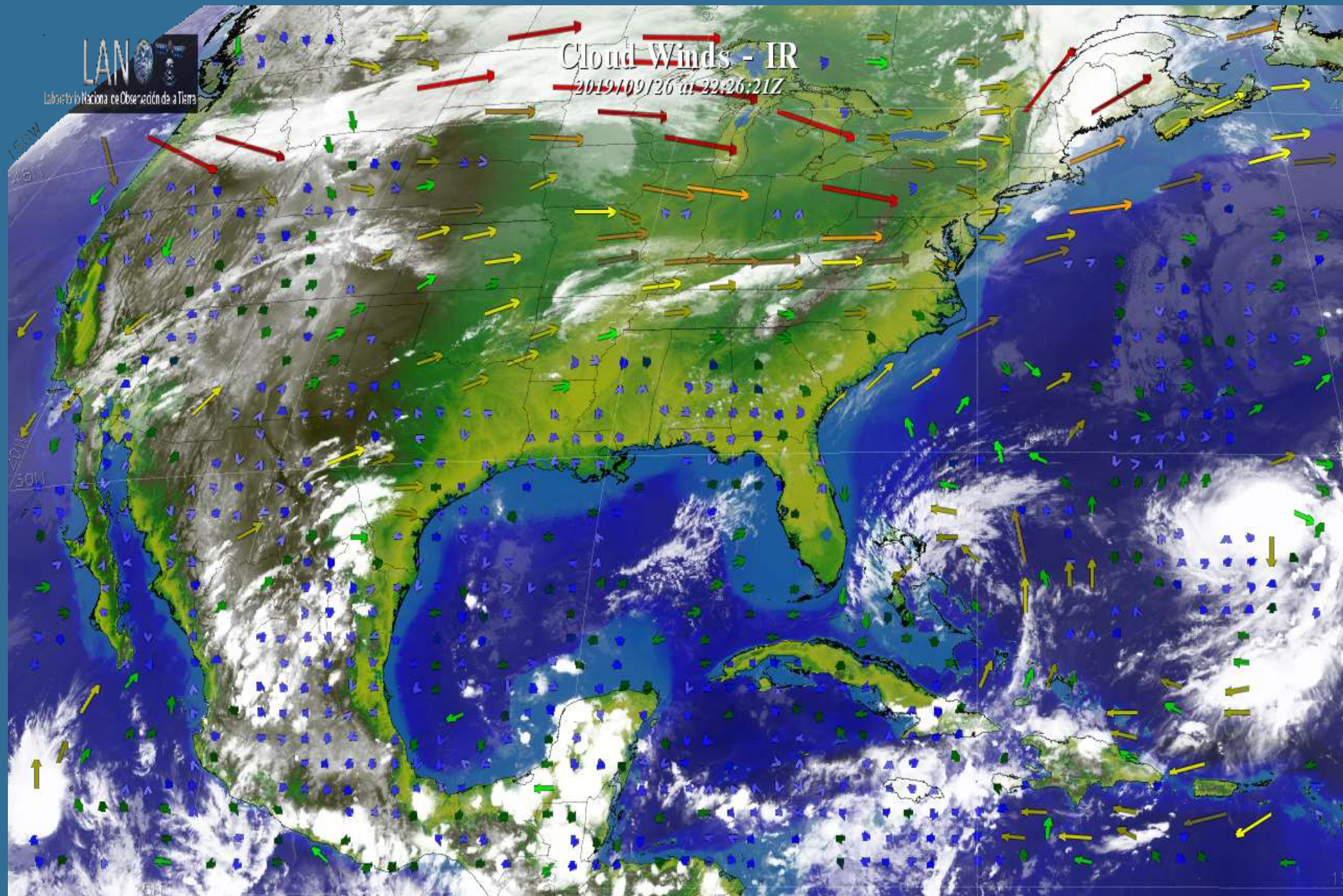


GOES-16 26/09/2019 22:50 Cloud Top



Base rainrate

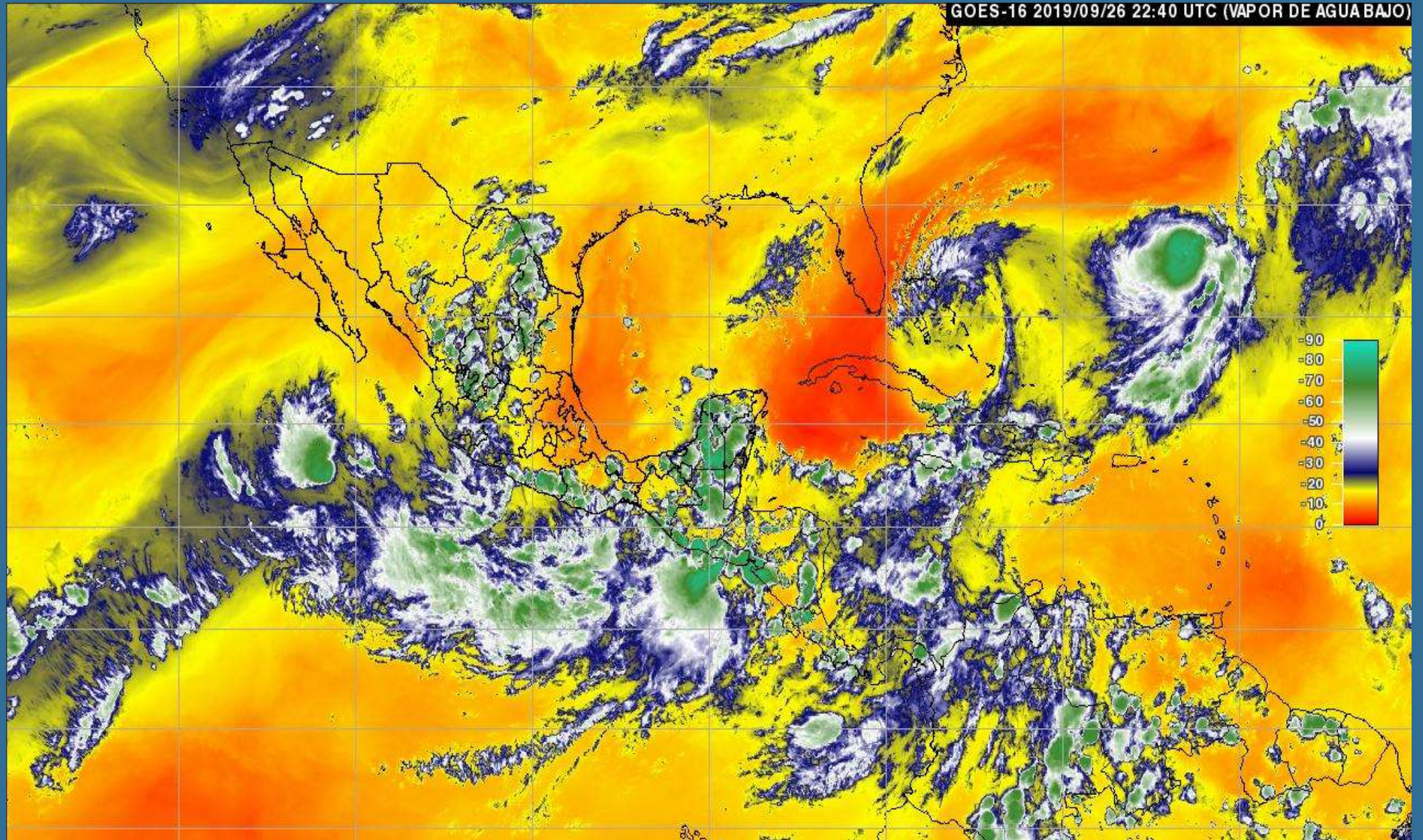




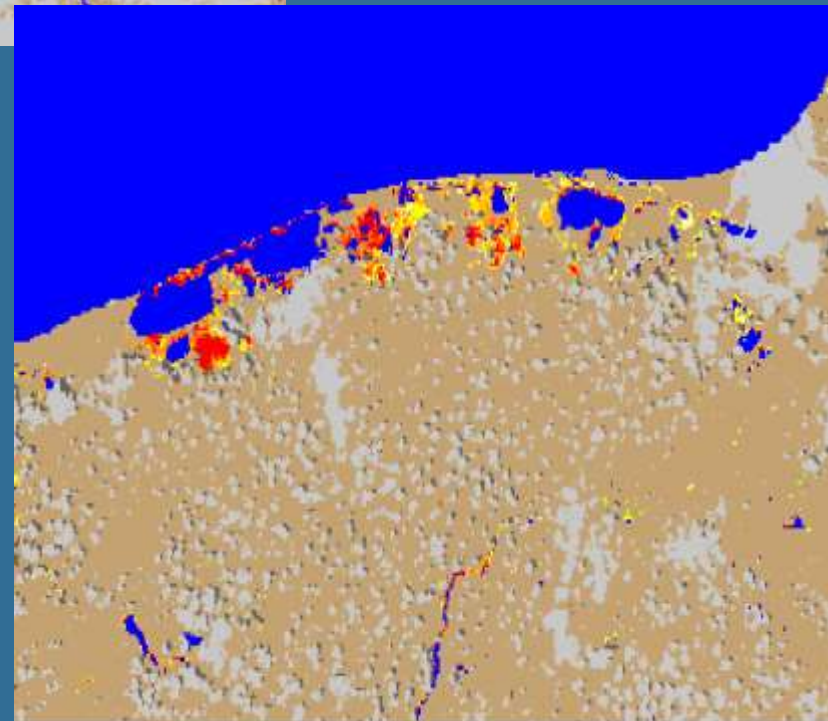
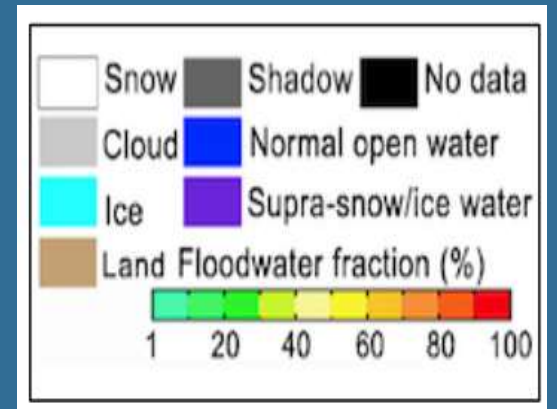
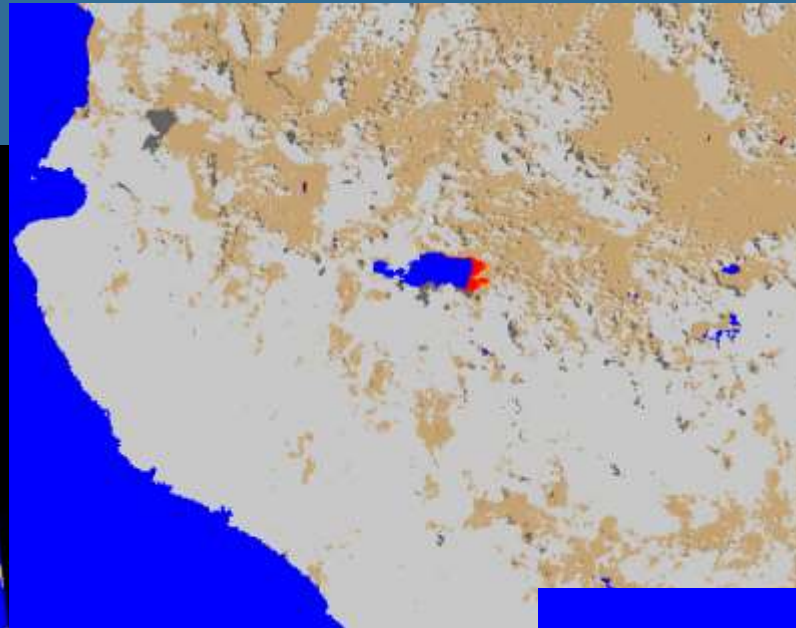
LAN
Laboratorio Nacional de Observación de la Tierra

Cloud Winds - IR
2019/09/26 at 22:26:21Z

LOW ALTITUDE WATER VAPOR

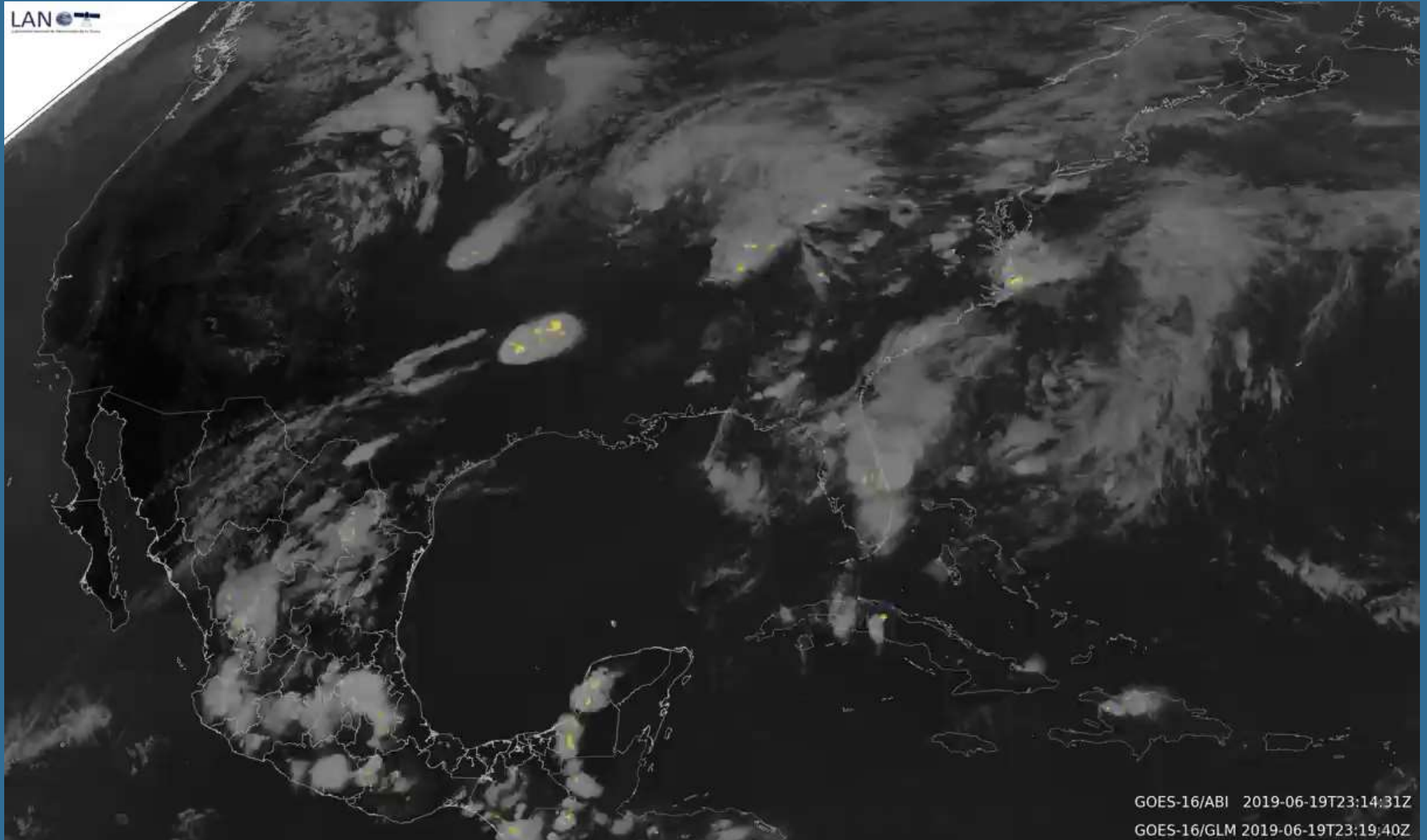


Flooding

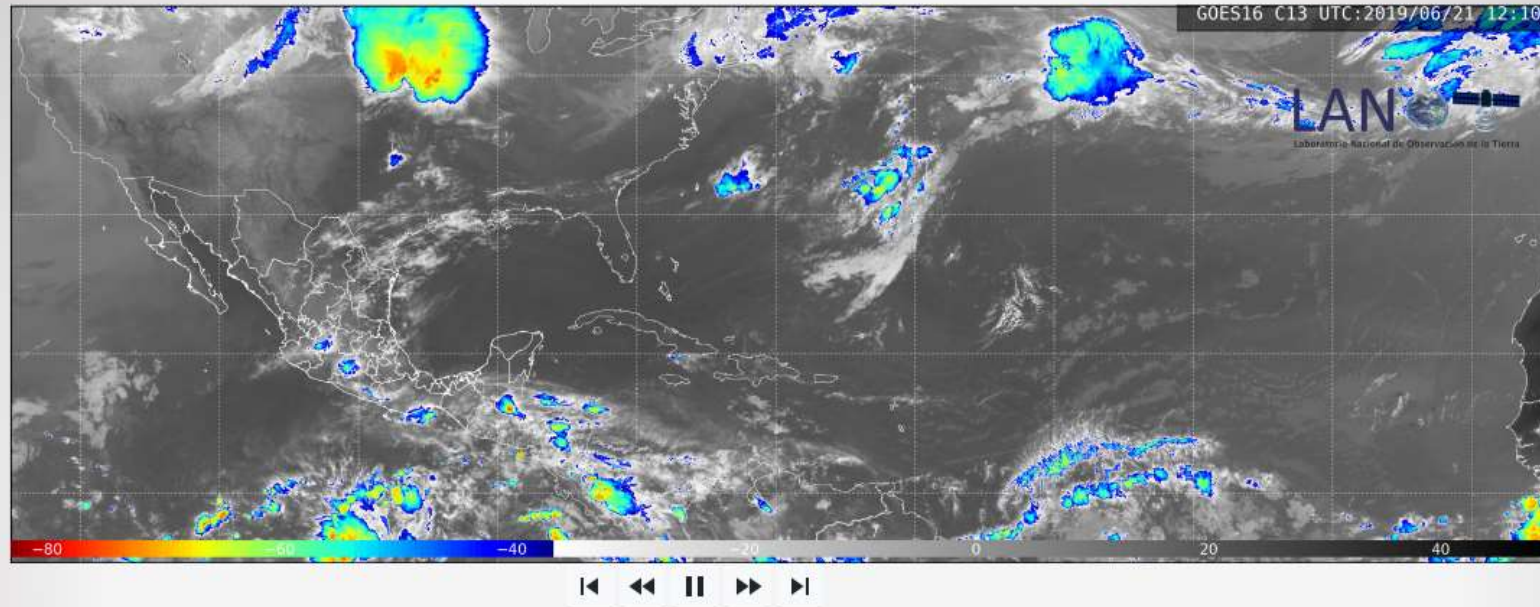


Suomi-NPP 25/09/2019
19:18:08

LIGHTING



DIRECT APPLICATIONS OF OUR PRODUCTS IN RESEARCH, AND BY CIVIL PROTECTION INSTITUTIONS



Animation speed: 1 (f/s)

Start Date: 06/21/2019

End Date: 06/22/2019

update

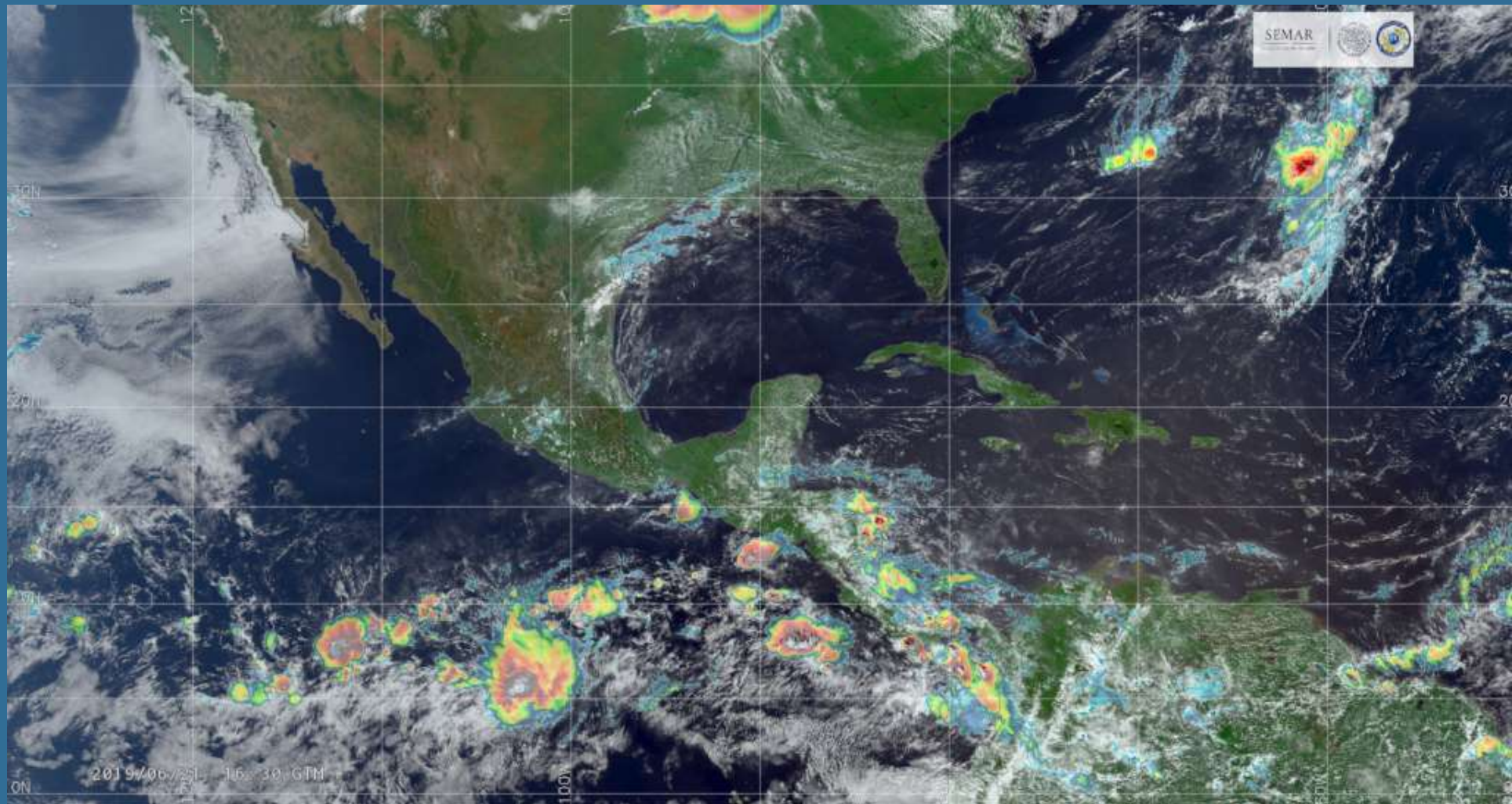


By M.S. Ixchel Zazueta, M. S. Alejandro Aguilar and Ph.D. Olmo Zavala, 2017

Note: NOAA's GOES-16 satellite is operational.

SEMAR (NAVY)

In charge of issuing navigation alerts.



NATIONAL CENTER FOR DISASTERS PREVENTION

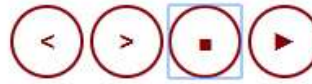
<http://www.atlasnacionalderiesgos.gob.mx/>



Seleccionar Sector | Región IV

Satélite GOES
Este

Satélite GOES
Oeste



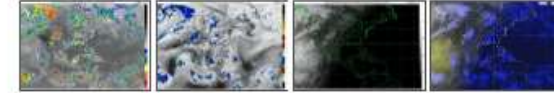
Intervalo (ms): 500

Media

Refrescar

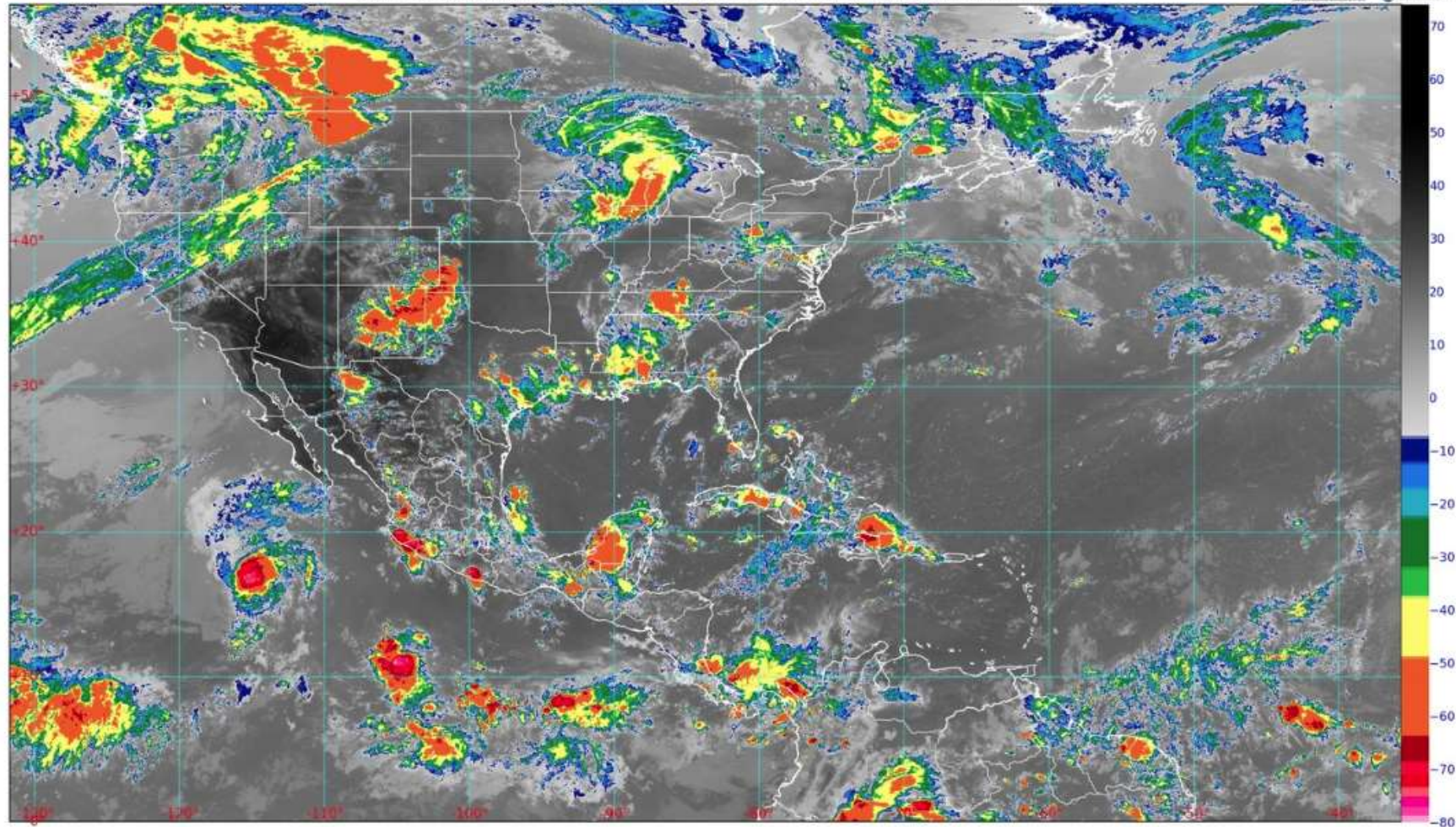
GOES Este, Región IV, Topes de Nubes
00:00 hrs. (UTC) Friday 28 June 2019

Topes de Nubes Vapor de Agua Visible RGB

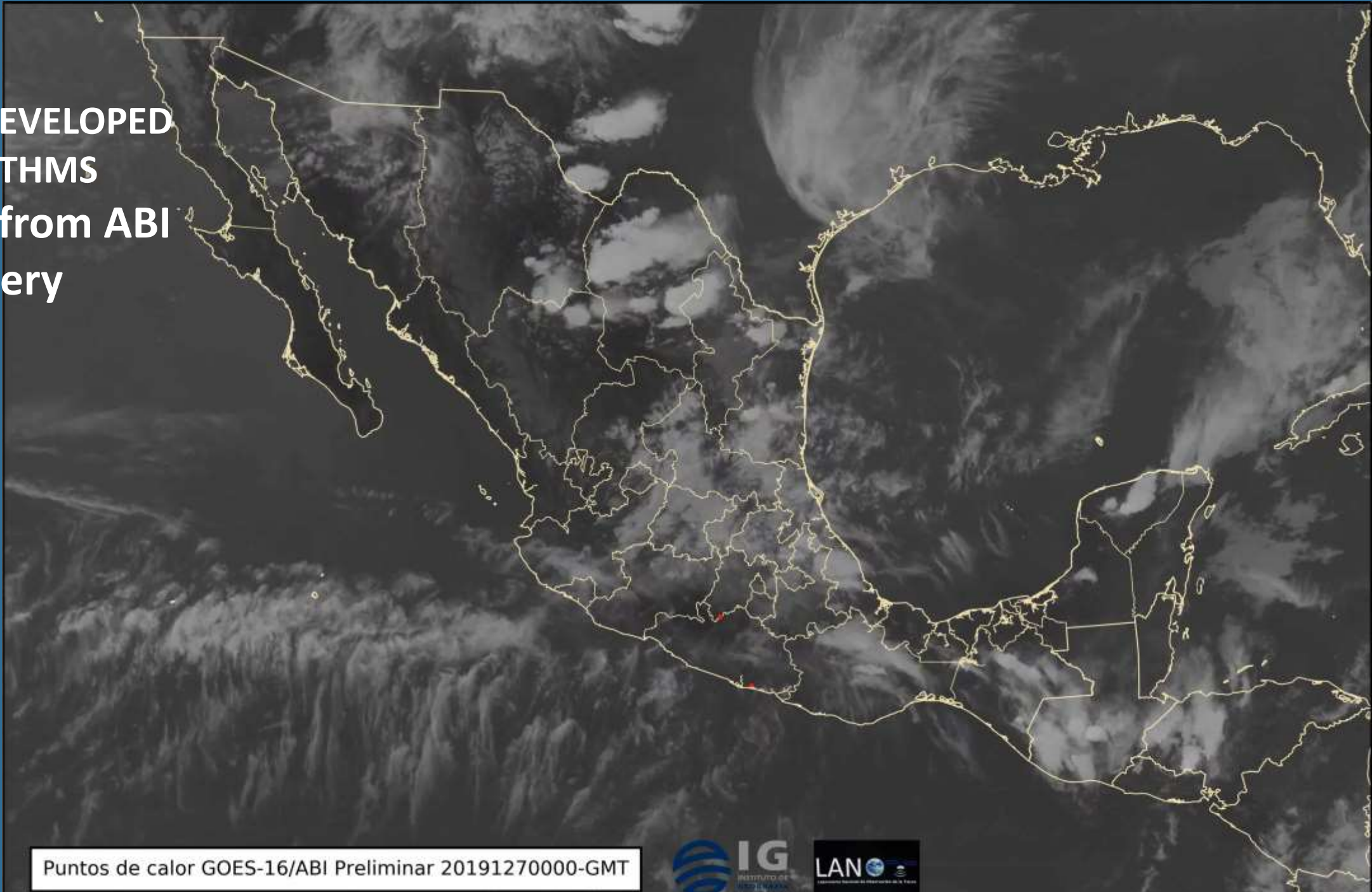


GOES-16 ABI Banda 13 Temp.[C] 28-Jun-2019 00:00:24 UTC (Local CDMX 19:00 Hrs.)

LAN CONAGUA



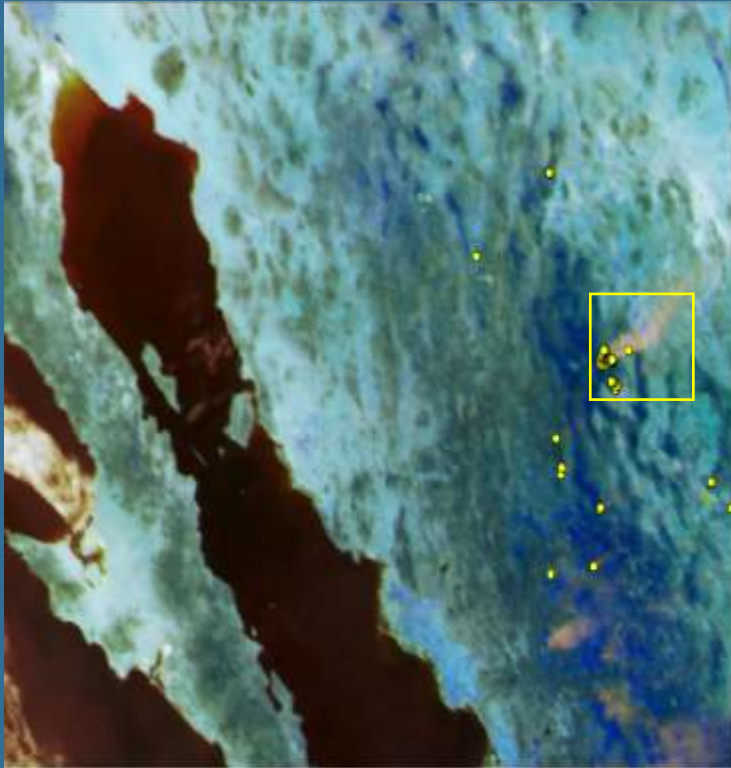
**IN-HOUSE DEVELOPED
ALGORITHMS
Hot Spots from ABI
imagery**



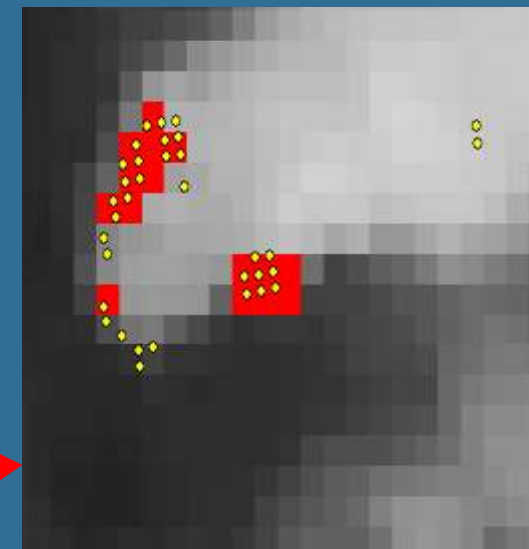
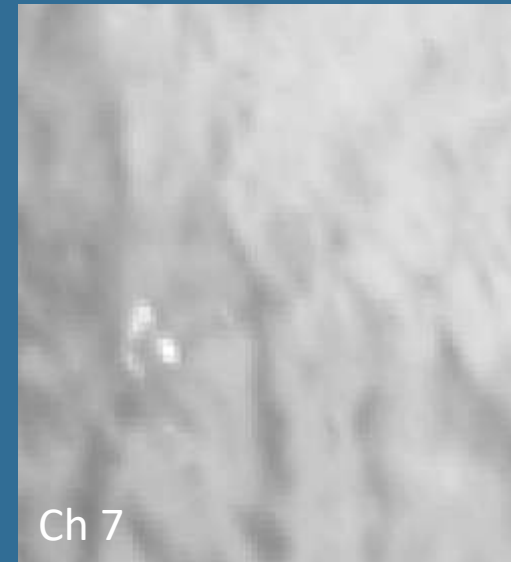
Puntos de calor GOES-16/ABI Preliminar 20191270000-GMT



ABI channels + MODIS data.

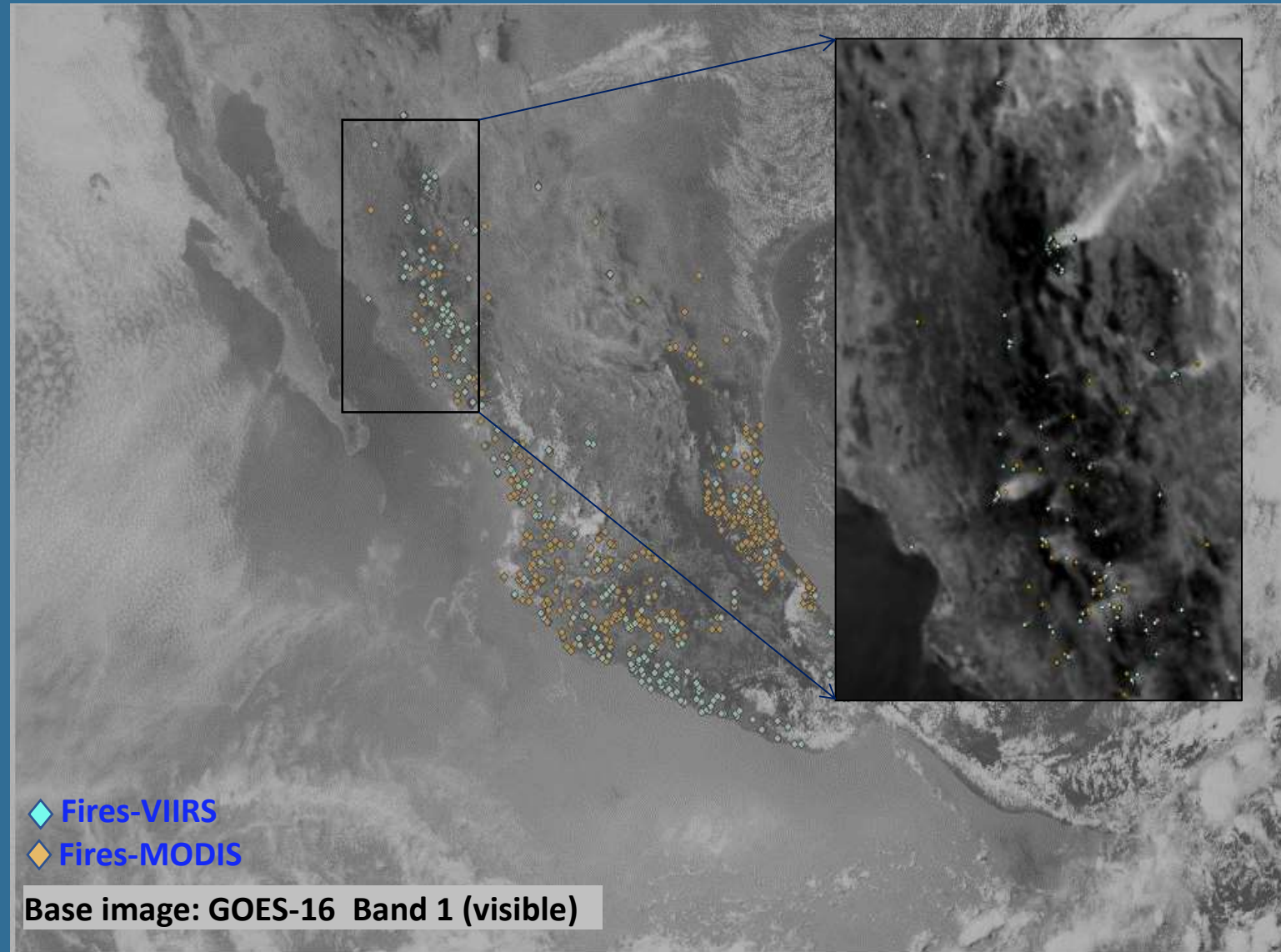


RGB 123 + MODIS Active
fires (in yellow)



ABI pixels (red) identified as potential fires,
yellow pixels from MODIS sensor

Ancillary dynamic data



FIRMS (Fire Information for Resources Management System).
(<https://earthdata.nasa.gov/data/near-real-time-data/firms>)



Actividad Volcánica



29 de Marzo 2019

01:03 - 04:03 GMT

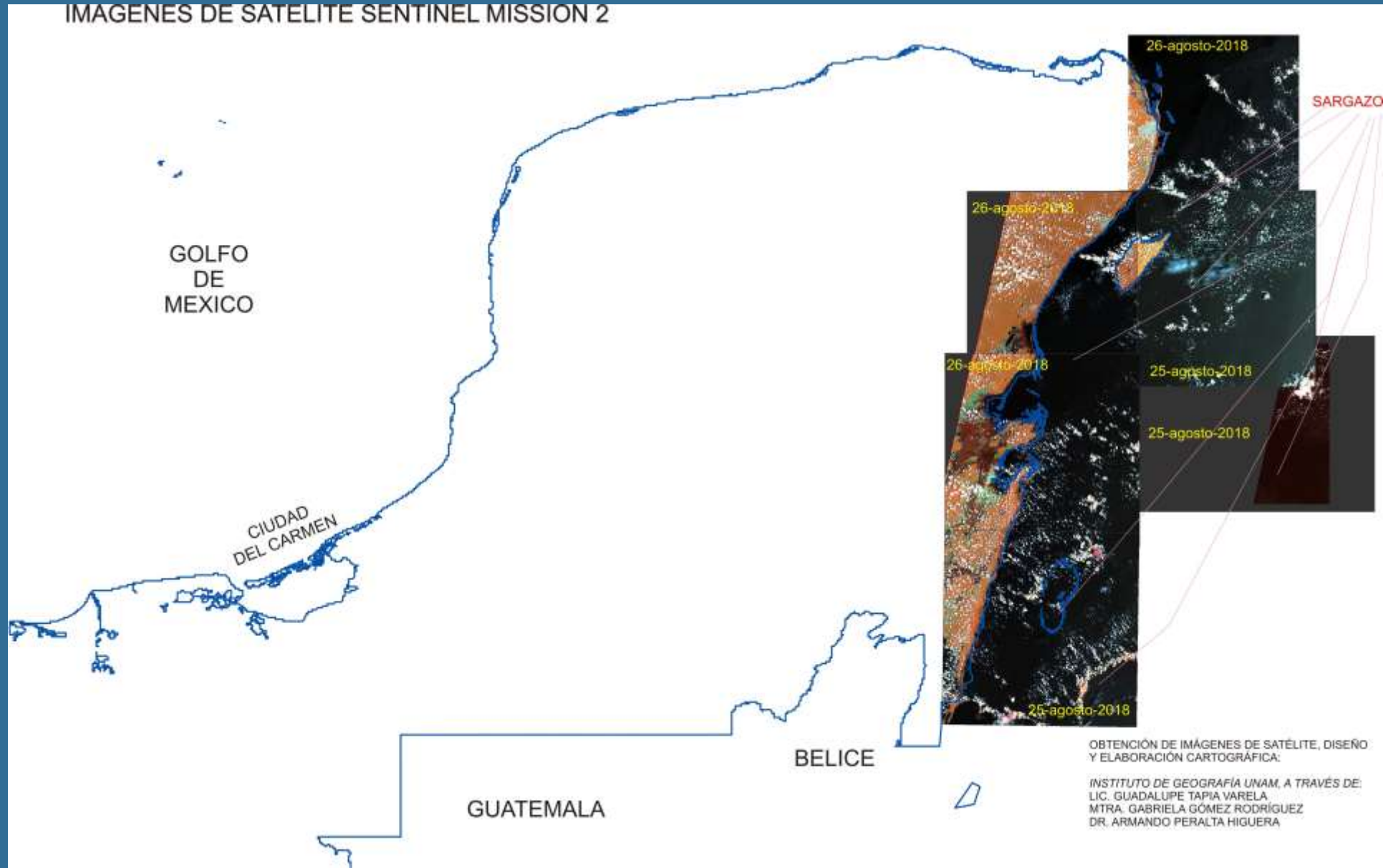
Algoritmo de detección automática
de nubes de ceniza con imágenes GOES-16 ABI

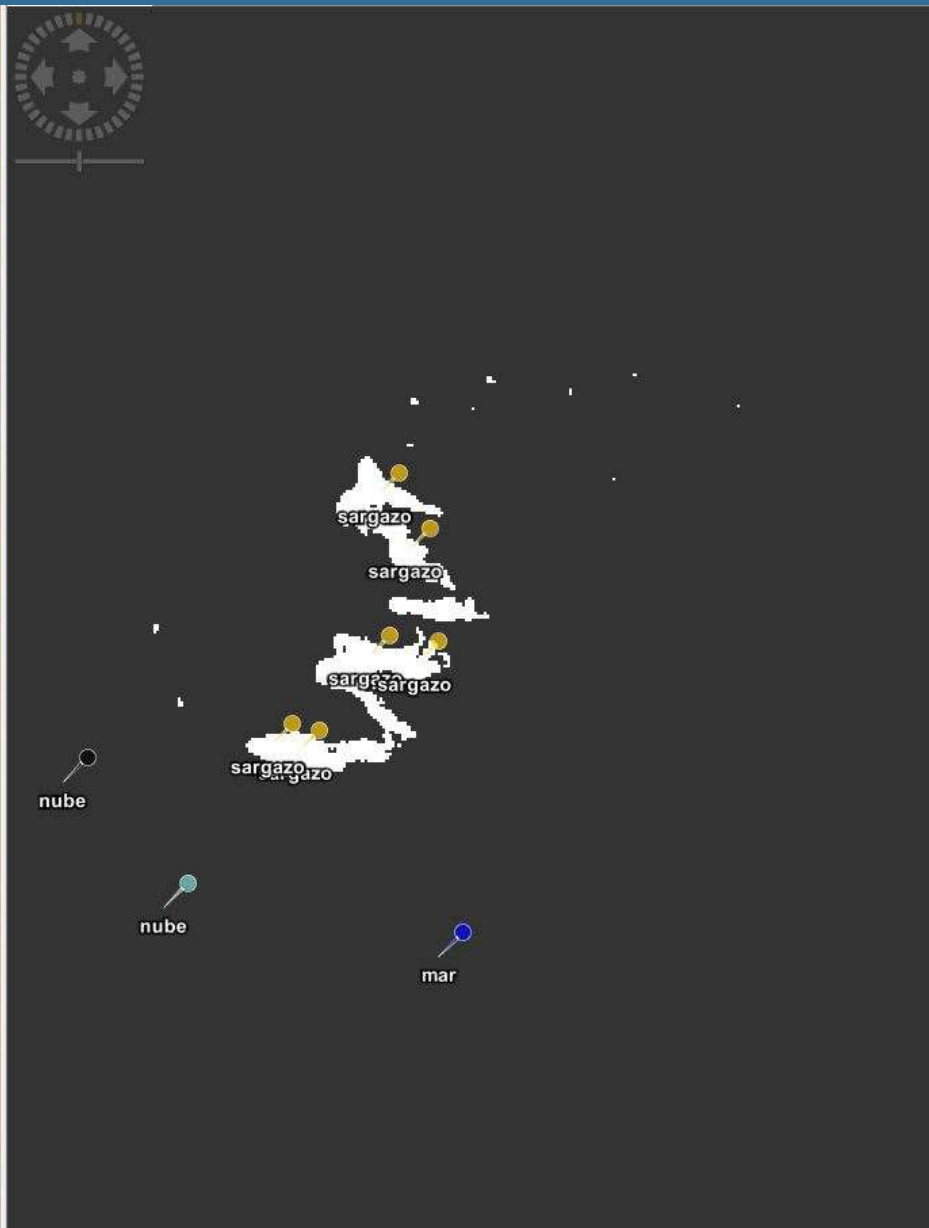
LANOT/IGg/UNAM

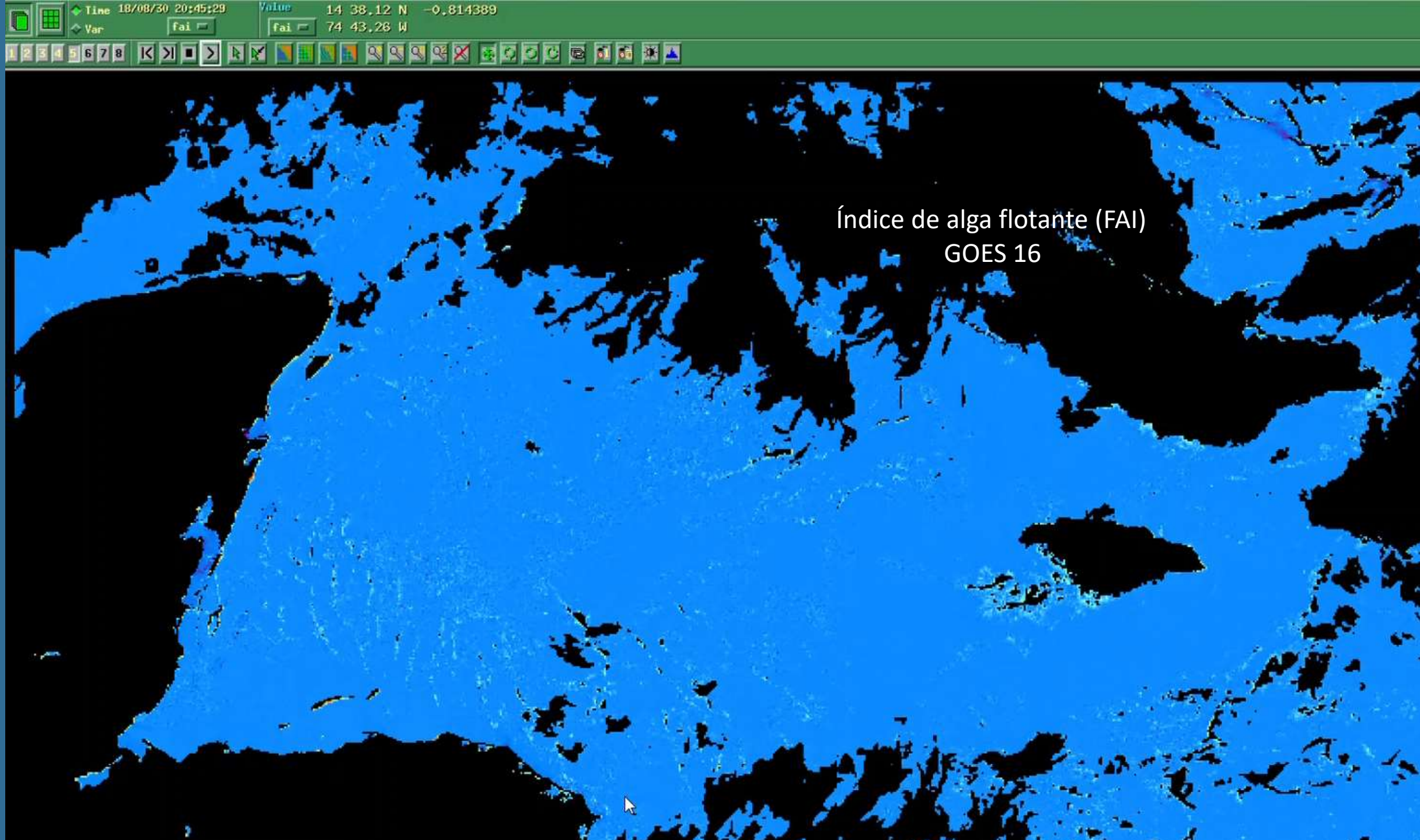


CENAPRED
MÉXICO

SARGASSUM







CLIMATE CHANGE

- DATA CUBE and other techniques with diverse datasets are employed to validate predictive models.
- Hydrometeorological phenomena are stored: cold fronts, tropical depressions, tropical storms, hurricanes and forest fires
- Images, and animations
- METADATA
- Collaborative efforts with some institutions: NOAA, NASA, U. OF WISCONSIN, INPE, and ISRO,

ACCESS TO OUR IMAGE DIRECTORIES

- Users access to our image directories 16,700 times per week (Sep 2019), not considering the Navy (They send their products directly), neither direct accesses by Geography Institute researchers.

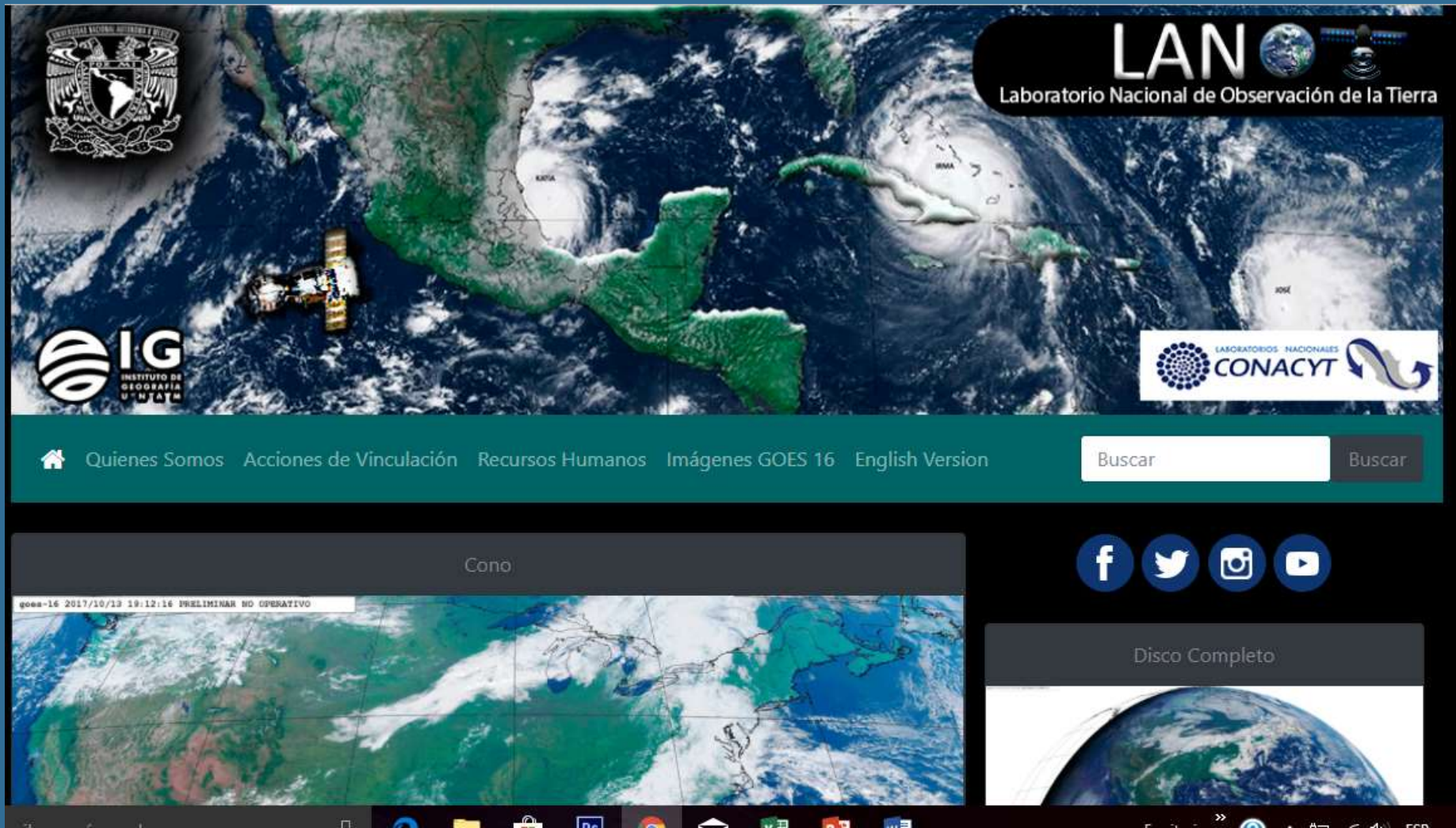
BY TERMINAL CONNECTION

% sftp usuarioext@132.247.103.143



Web SITE LANOT: www.lanot.unam.mx

visits since march 2018: 359,715



Conclusions

Processed images are delivered in almost real-time to civil protection and other institutions in charge of issuing early warnings to reduce risks to population

Historic images and other datasets are stored for long-term analysis, and climate modeling development.





THANKS!

**National Laboratory for
Earth Observation
MEXICO**

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<http://www.lanot.unam.mx>

